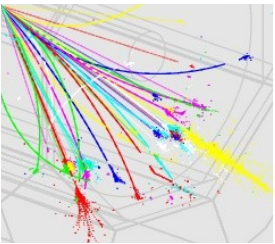


# TPAC 1.X $^{55}\text{Fe}$ results

Marcel Stanitzki

RAL 16.01.2009

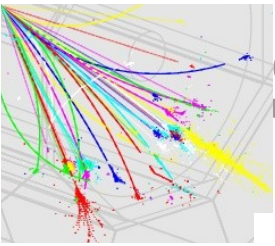




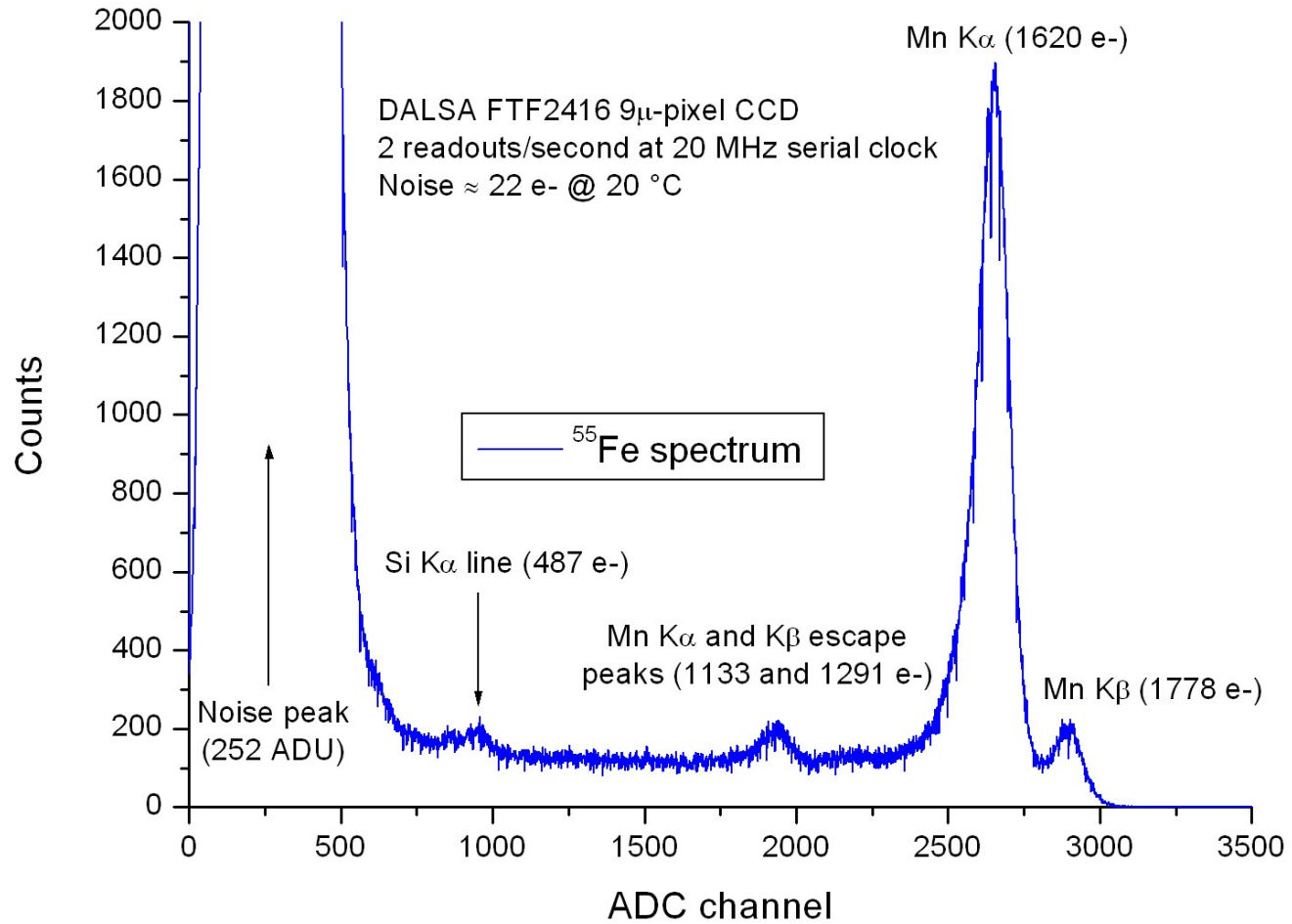
# Some details about $^{55}\text{Fe}$

Gamma and X-ray radiation:

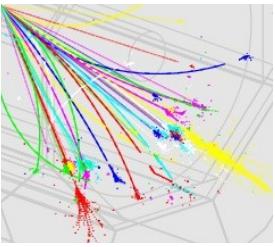
	Energy (keV)	Intensity (%)
XR I	0.64	0.66 % 10
XR ka2	5.888	8.2 % 4
XR ka1	5.899	16.2 % 7
XR k $\beta$ 3	6.49	0.96 % 5
XR k $\beta$ 1	6.49	1.89 % 9



# Spectrum from Konstantin

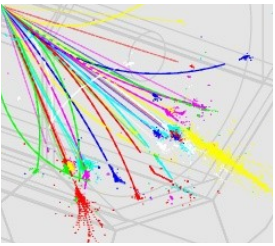


# Analog pixel scans



- Done with TPAC 1.2 (old data sets with 1.1 as well)
- Two data sets each
  - -30 mV Threshold (entire spectrum)
  - -120 mv Threshold (tail)
- There is a  $1/0.81$  gain correction (only applied if explicitly stated)
- Using a fixed setup now
  - takes  $\sim 3$  days for one pixel
  - 150 GB of data
- Available data sets
  - see <https://heplnm061.pp.rl.ac.uk/display/spider/TPAC+55Fe+Spectra>





# Fit models

- For the 120 mV data set
  - Exponential+Crystal Ball ( $K_\alpha$ ) +Gauss ( $K_\beta$ )

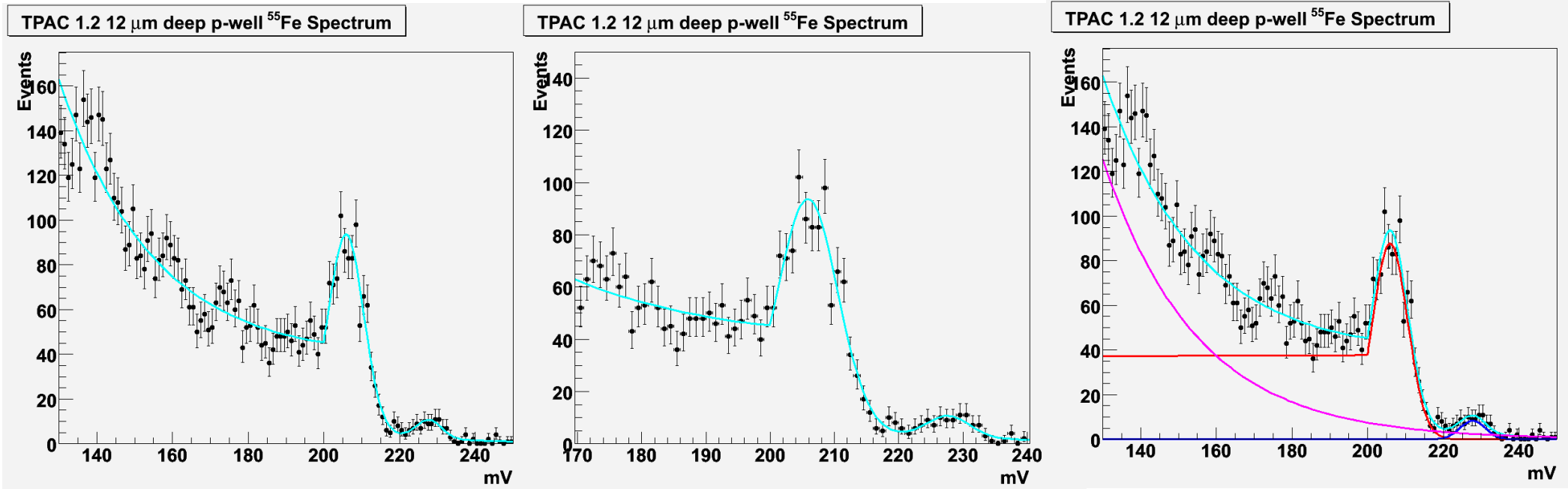
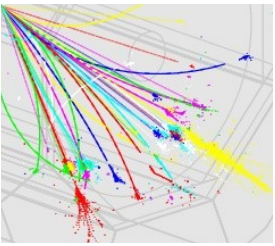
- Crystal Ball

$$f(x; \alpha, n, \bar{x}, \sigma) = N \cdot \begin{cases} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\bar{x})^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} > -\alpha \\ A \cdot \left(B - \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma}\right)^{-n}, & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} \leq -\alpha \end{cases}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{n}{|\alpha|}\right)^n \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \quad B = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} - |\alpha|$$

- For the 30 mv data set
  - Exponential +Gauss (FakePeak) + Gauss( $K_\alpha$ )
  - $K_\alpha$  has two low stats to be sensitive in this data set
- New fitter using RooFit (much better ...)

# TPAC 1.2 +DPW 12 $\mu\text{m}$



Fitted Values

Crystal Barrel FKT for K\_alpha

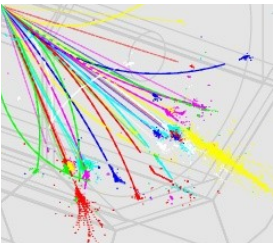
ka\_mean : 205.918 0.22371385  
ka\_sigma : 4.6170221 0.20512349  
ka\_alpha : 1.2884144 0.13555629  
ka\_n : 0.0026548376 0.083639886

Gauss for K\_beta

kb\_mean : 227.73171 0.70361675  
kb\_sigma : 3.3479737 0.65209354

Exponential Background

exp\_coeff : -0.040348041 0.0019318991



# More on ...

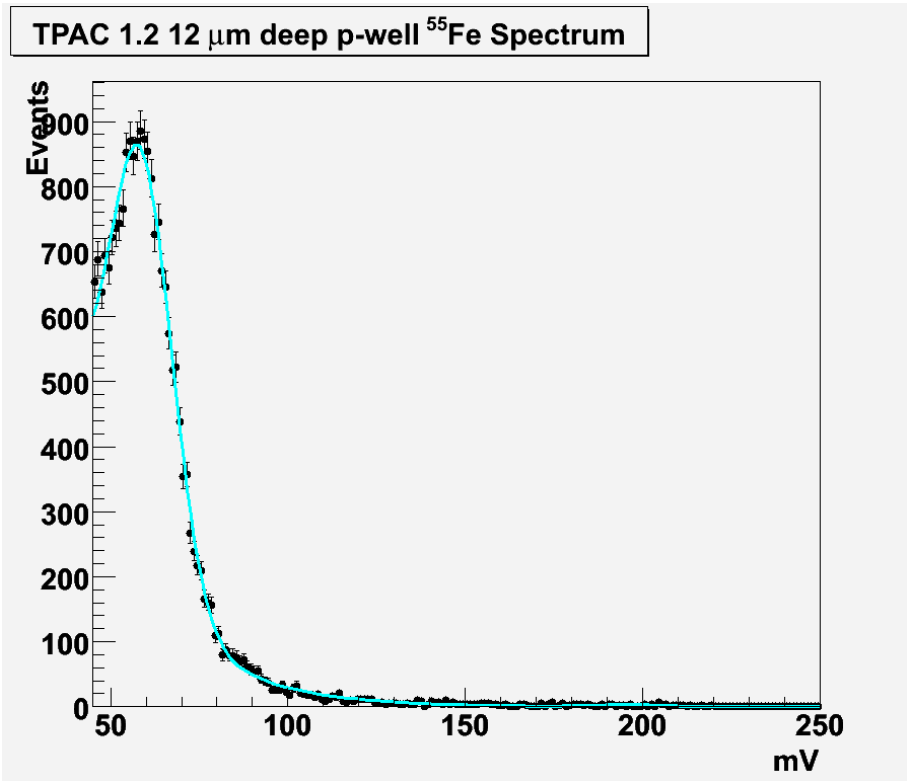
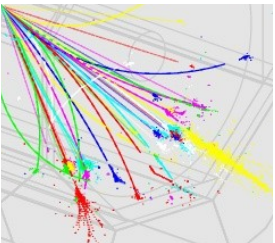
```
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio observed :1.105934
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio expected :1.0975309
K_alpha      :205.918   corrected:254.21975 mV
K_alpha width:4.6170221 corrected:5.7000273 mV
K_beta       :227.73171 corrected:281.15026 mV
K_beta width :3.3479737 corrected:4.1333008 mV
```

```
-----
Gain from K_alpha mV/e:0.15692577
Gain from K_beta  mV/e:0.15812726
Noise from K_alpha mV :5.7000273
Noise from K_beta  mV :4.1333008
Noise from K_alpha e  :36.323079
Noise from K_beta  e   :26.139079
```



Applying 1/0.81 correction

# Fake peak



Fitted Values

Gauss for the Fake peak

fp\_mean : 58.601428 0.35430359

fp\_sigma : 8.8903209 0.3239019

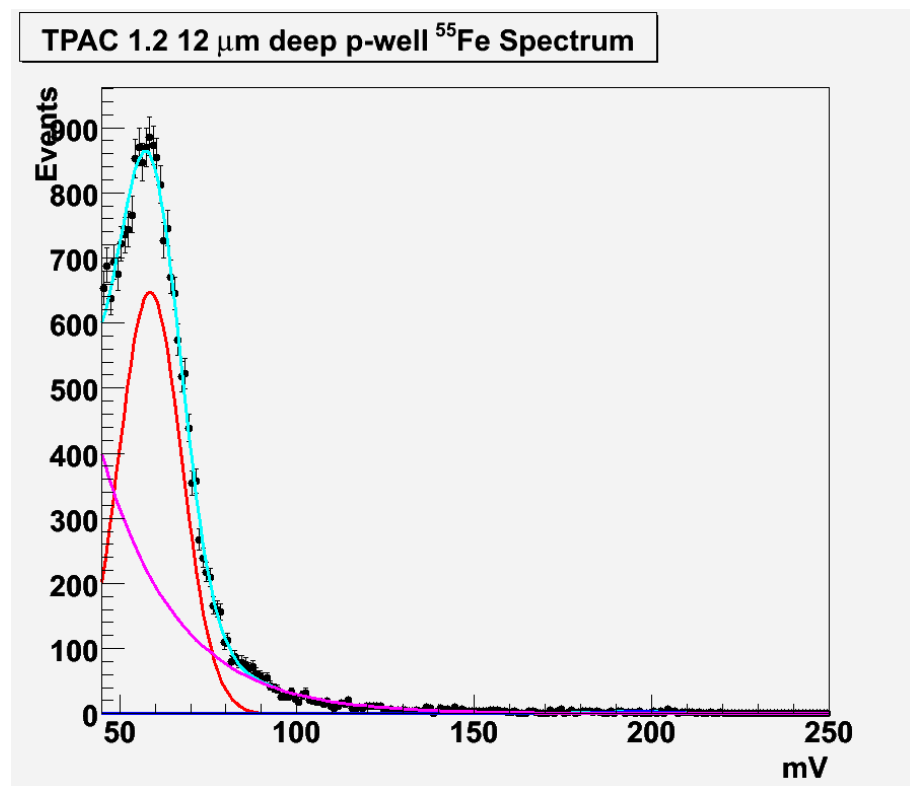
Gauss for K\_alpha

ka\_mean : 196.49425 1.9331505

ka\_sigma : 10 0.12398403

Exponential Background

exp\_coeff : -0.047306252 0.0017584892



Fake peak : 58.601428

corrected: 72.347442 mV

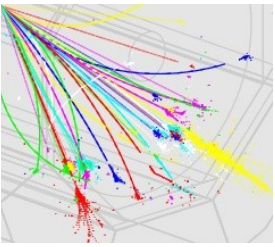
Fake peak width : 8.8903209

corrected: 10.975705 mV

-----





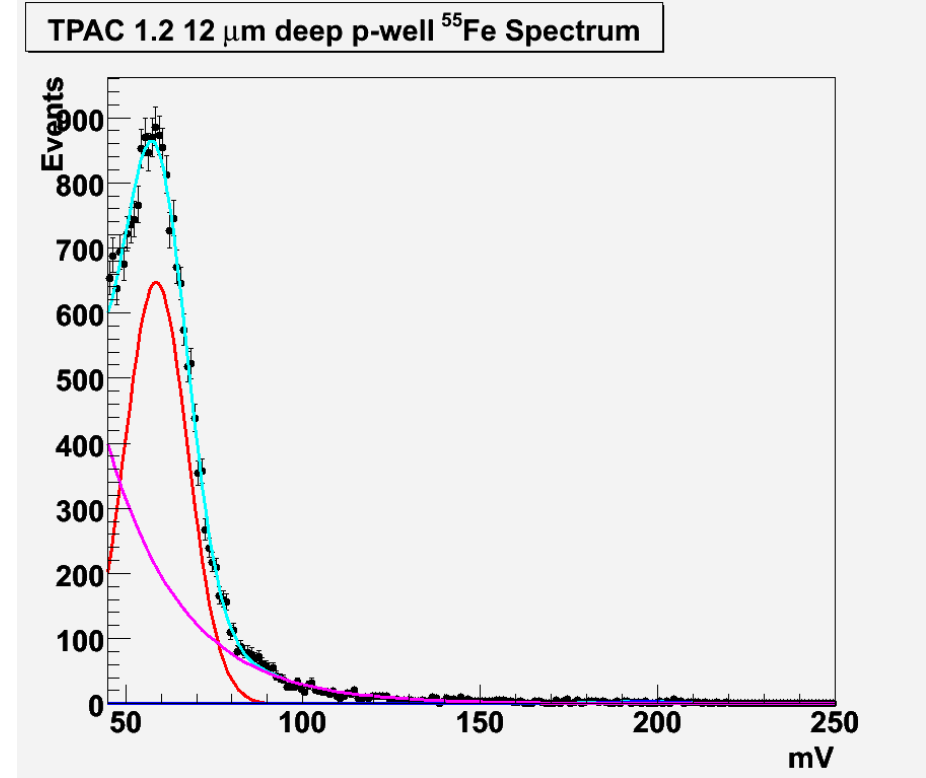
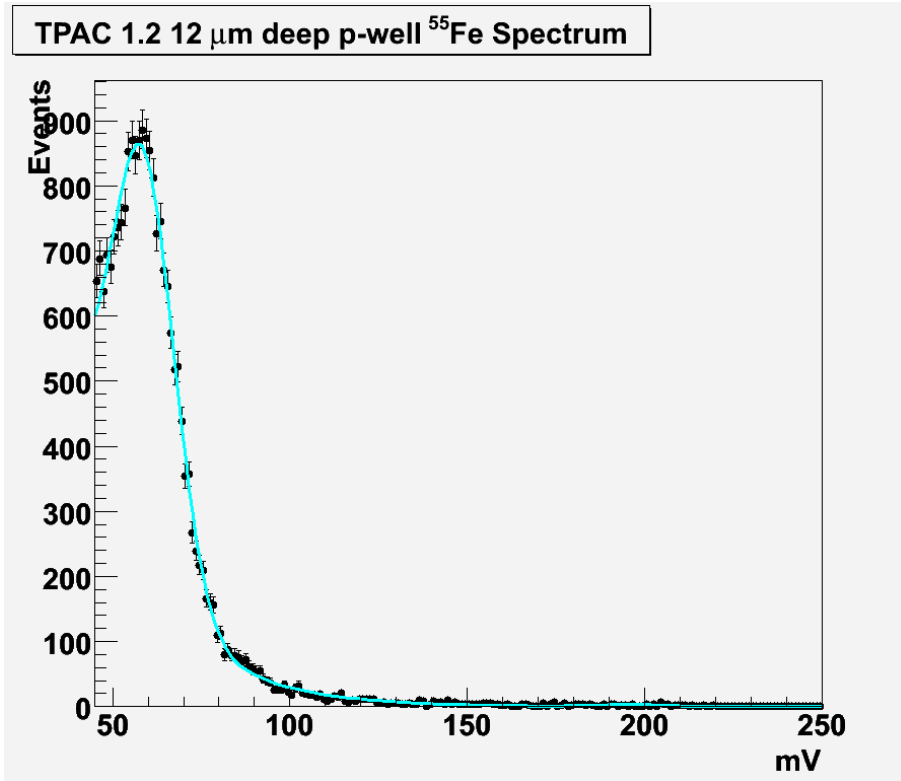
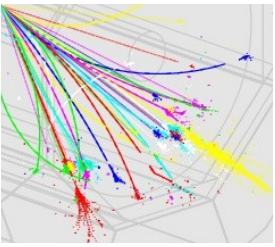


# Stitching

- Trying to combine both spectra ...
- This is still beta
  - more stable normalization
  - check errors again
- Using same model as for the Fake peaks
- Trying to derive fractions of fake-peak to real peak

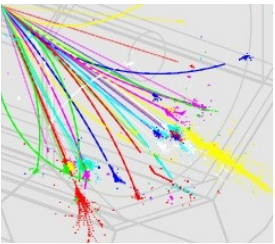


# "Stitched Spectrum"

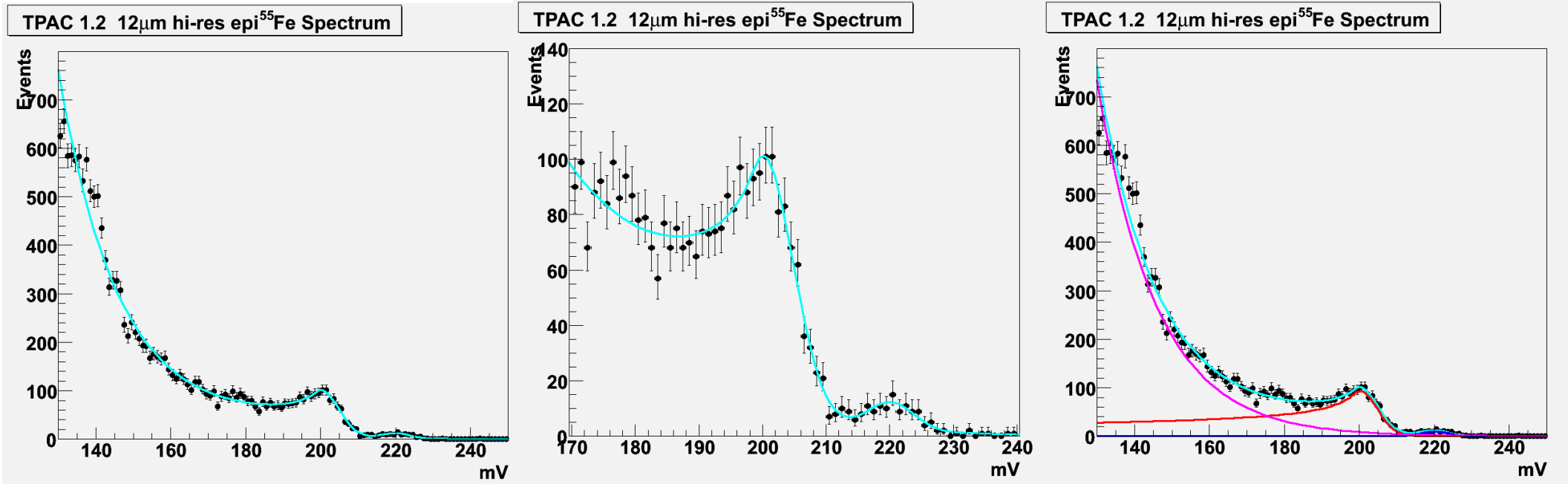


    Fake peak fraction :0.61345738  
    K\_alpha fraction :0.0034473355  
    Ratio :0.0056195192





# TPAC 1.2 highres 12 $\mu\text{m}$



Fitted Values

Crystal Barrel FKT for  $K_{\alpha}$

ka\_mean : 200.2132 0.34410319

ka\_sigma : 4.6019026 0.27889855

ka\_alpha : 0.39205586 0.097359728

ka\_n : 0.41106072 0.17457918

Gauss for  $K_{\beta}$

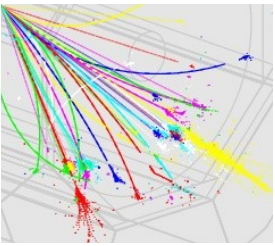
kb\_mean : 220.17943 0.60013773

kb\_sigma : 3.5907866 0.48640374

Exponential Background

exp\_coeff : -0.063199093 0.0016797816





# More on ...

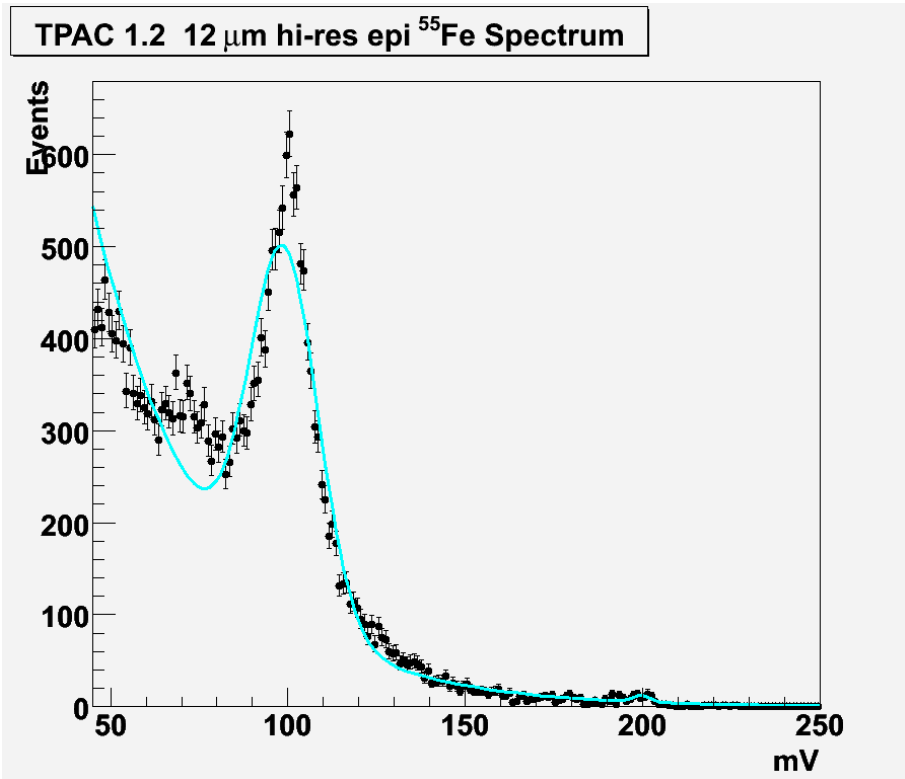
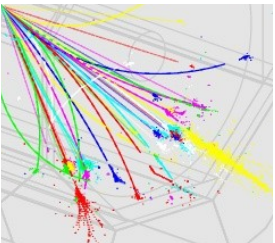
```
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio observed :1.0997248
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio expected :1.0975309
K_alpha      :200.2132   corrected:247.17679 mV
K_alpha width:4.6019026 corrected:5.6813612 mV
K_beta       :220.17943 corrected:271.82645 mV
K_beta width :3.5907866 corrected:4.4330699 mV
```

```
-----
Gain from K_alpha mV/e:0.15257826
Gain from K_beta  mV/e:0.15288327
Noise from K_alpha mV :5.6813612
Noise from K_beta  mV :4.4330699
Noise from K_alpha e  :37.235718
Noise from K_beta  e  :28.996436
```



Applying 1/0.81 correction

# Fake peak



Fitted Values

Gauss for the Fake peak

fp\_mean : 98.910429 0.16926532

fp\_sigma : 9.6201518 0.22942849

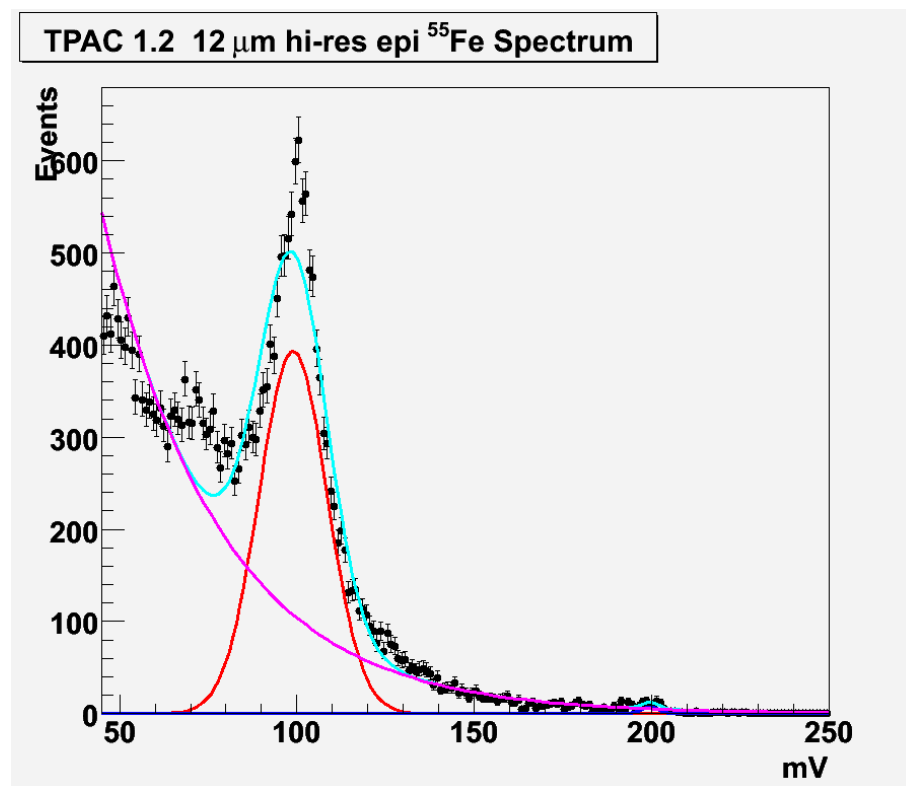
Gauss for K\_alpha

ka\_mean : 199.53495 0.85862334

ka\_sigma : 2.450916 0.66738968

Exponential Background

exp\_coeff : -0.030080472 0.00028527005



Fake peak : 98.910429

corrected: 122.11164 mV

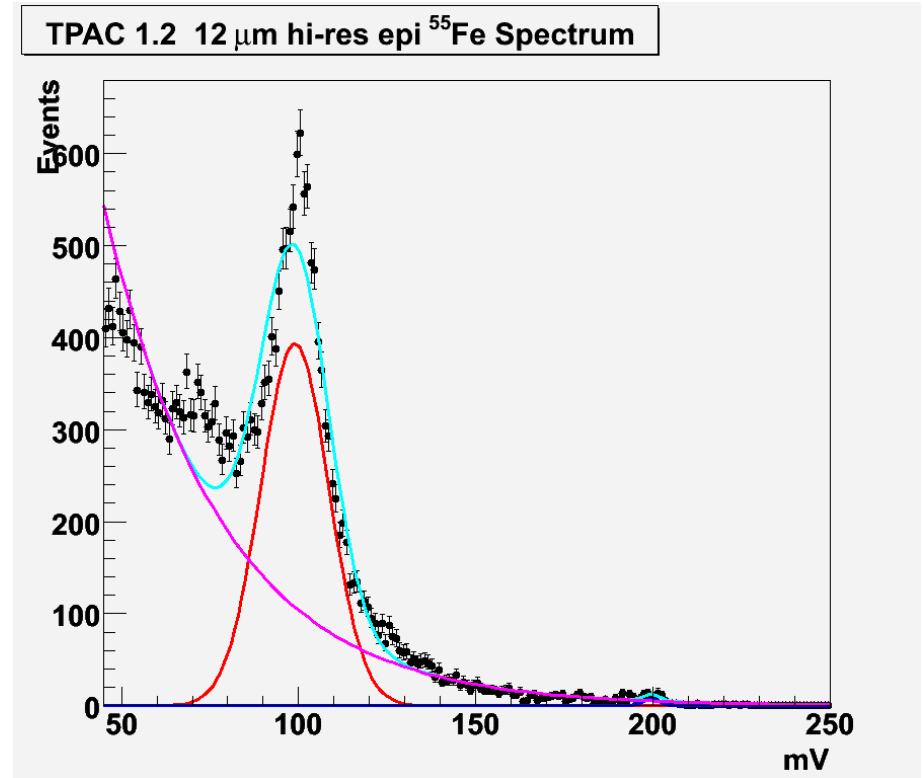
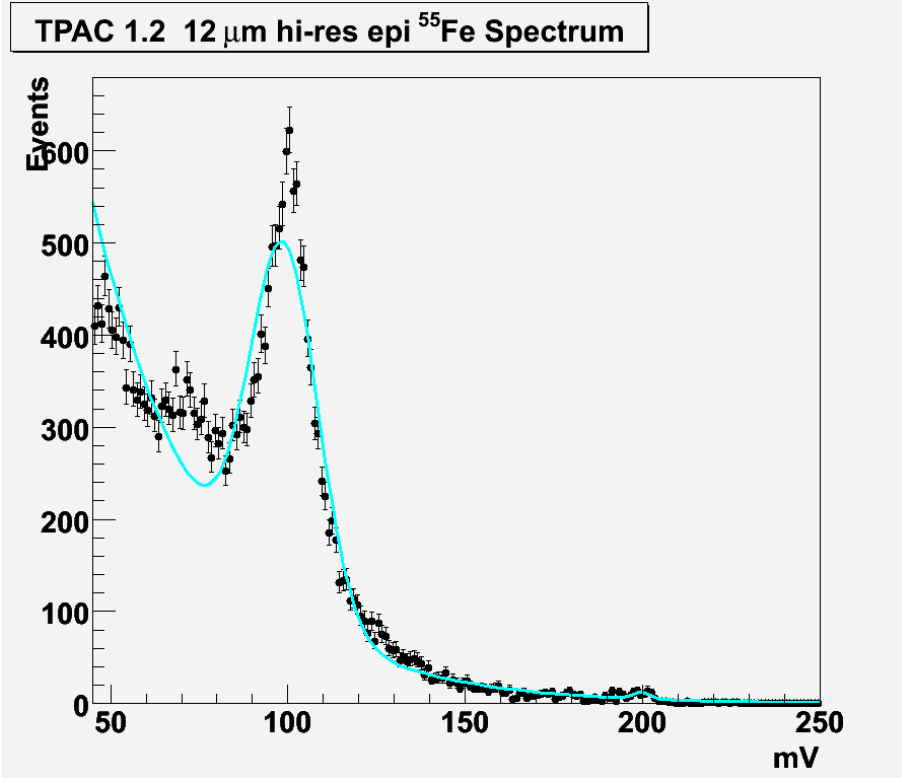
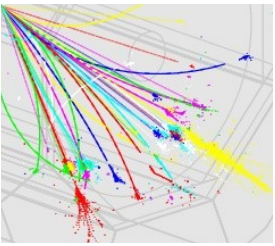
Fake peak width : 9.6201518

corrected: 11.876731 mV

-----

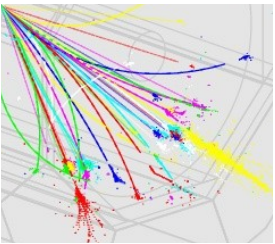


# "Stitched Spectrum"



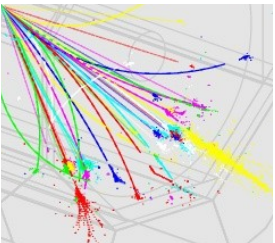
Fake peak fraction :0.34395865  
K\_alpha fraction :0.0016250091  
Ratio :0.0047244316



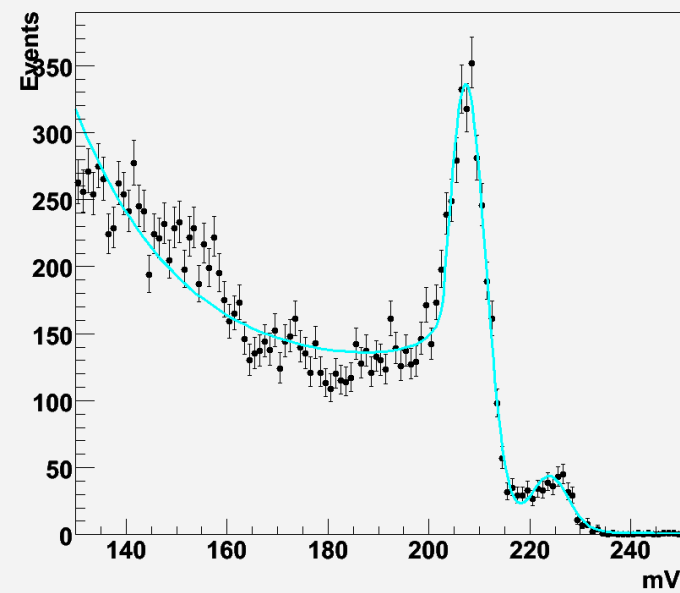


# TPAC 1.2 highres 18 $\mu\text{m}$

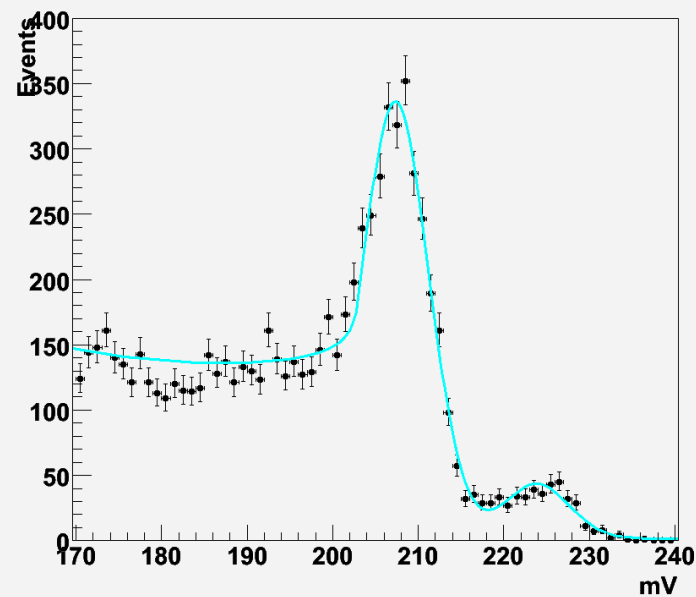
# TPAC 1.1 -DPW 12 $\mu\text{m}$ (old)



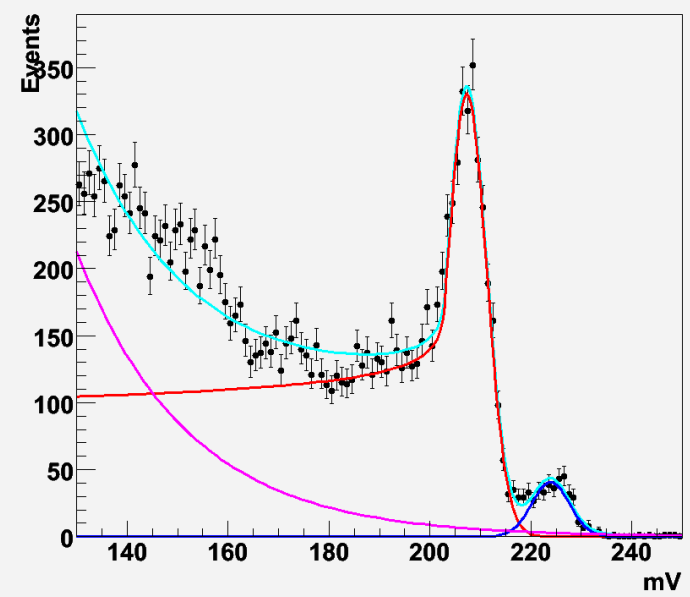
TPAC 1.1 (old pixel) 12  $\mu\text{m}$  no deep p-well  $^{55}\text{Fe}$  Spectrum



TPAC 1.1 (old pixel) 12  $\mu\text{m}$  no deep p-well  $^{55}\text{Fe}$  Spectrum



TPAC 1.1 (old pixel) 12  $\mu\text{m}$  no deep p-well  $^{55}\text{Fe}$  Spectrum



Fitted Values

Crystal Barrel FKT for K\_alpha

ka\_mean : 207.32391 0.11780295

ka\_sigma : 3.9058313 0.11532728

ka\_alpha : 1.1355633 0.048686145

ka\_n : 0.093029556 0.020265332

Gauss for K\_beta

kb\_mean : 223.88193 0.28681614

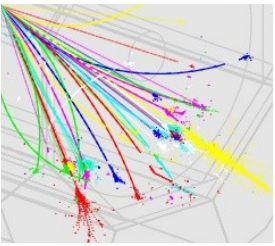
kb\_sigma : 3.7272012 0.22738122

Exponential Background

exp\_coeff : -0.0456119 0.0017876693







# More on ...

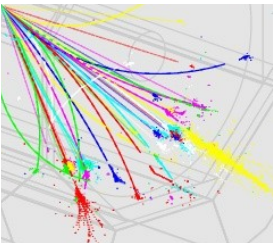
```
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio observed :1.0798655
K_beta/K_alpha Ratio expected :1.0975309
K_alpha      :207.32391   corrected:255.95545 mV
K_alpha width:3.9058313   corrected:4.8220139 mV
K_beta       :223.88193   corrected:276.39745 mV
K_beta width :3.7272012   corrected:4.601483 mV
```

```
Gain from K_alpha mV/e:0.15799719
Gain from K_beta  mV/e:0.15545413
Noise from K_alpha mV :4.8220139
Noise from K_beta  mV :4.601483
Noise from K_alpha e  :30.519618
Noise from K_beta  e  :29.600262
```



Applying 1/0.81 correction



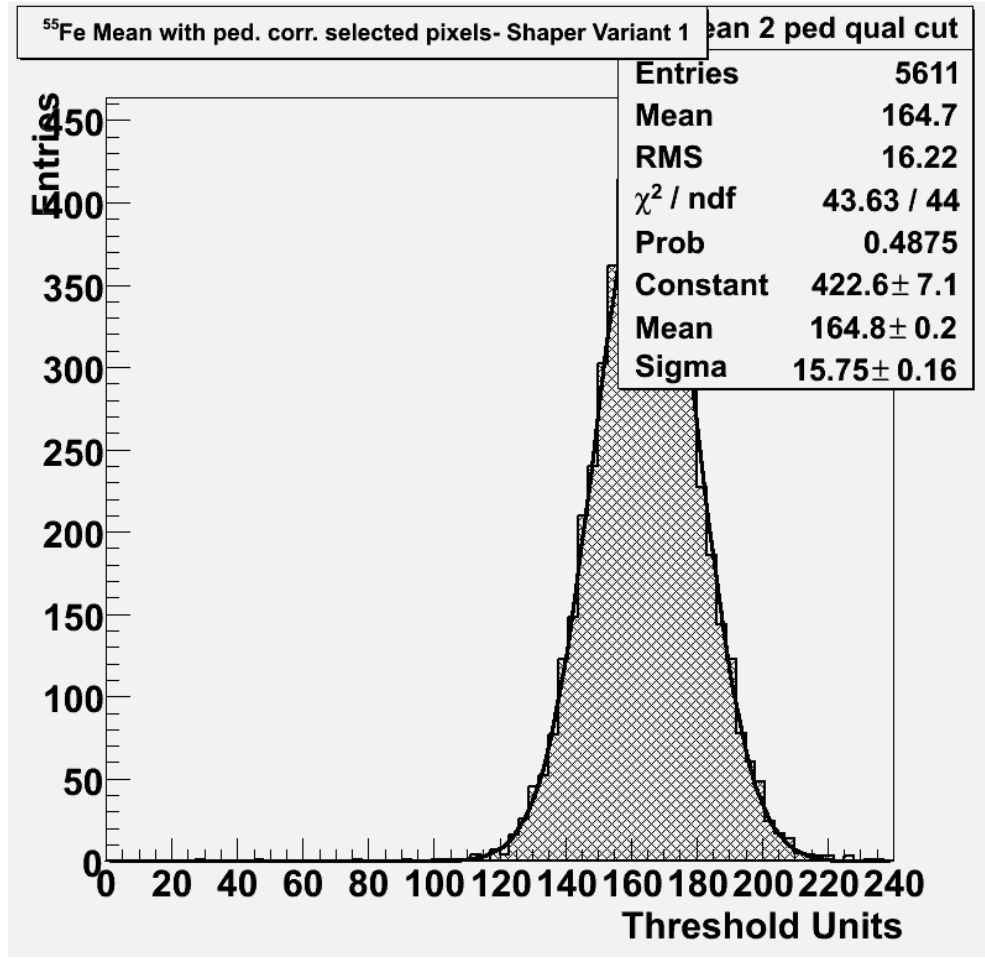
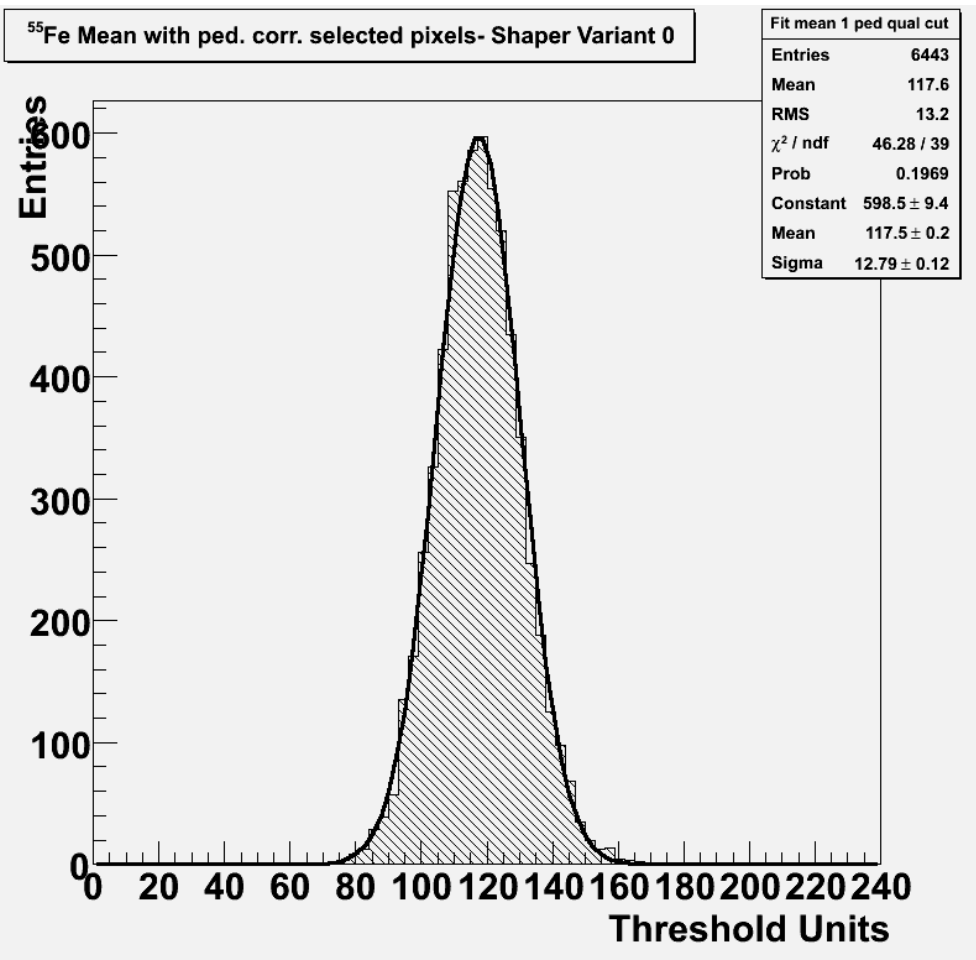
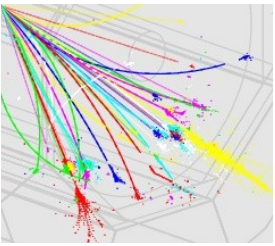


# Summary

- Gain with correction is
  - 153-157 mV (corrected)
- Noise is
  - 30-37 electrons
- $K_{\alpha}$  is between
  - 200-208 mV (not corrected)
- $K_{\beta}$  is between
  - 220-227 mV (not corrected)
- Fake peak vary widely (we expect that)

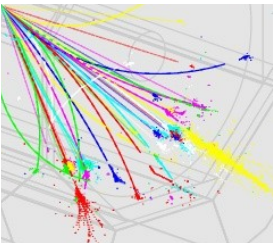


# TPAC 1.0

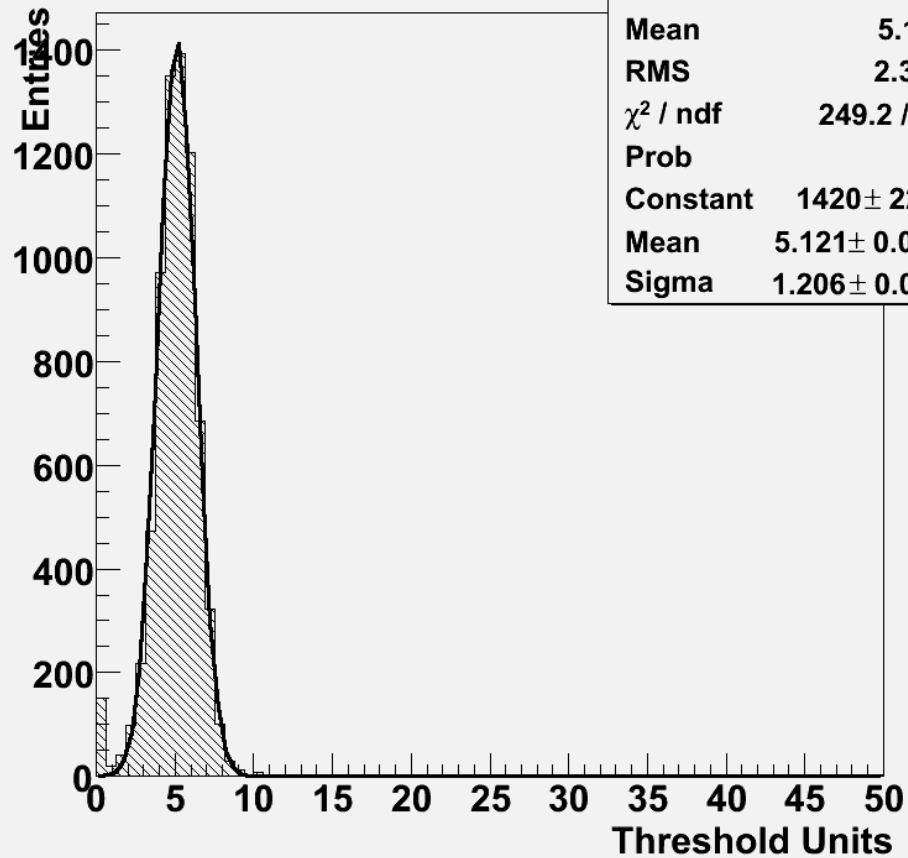


## Sensor 13

# TPAC 1.0 (cont)

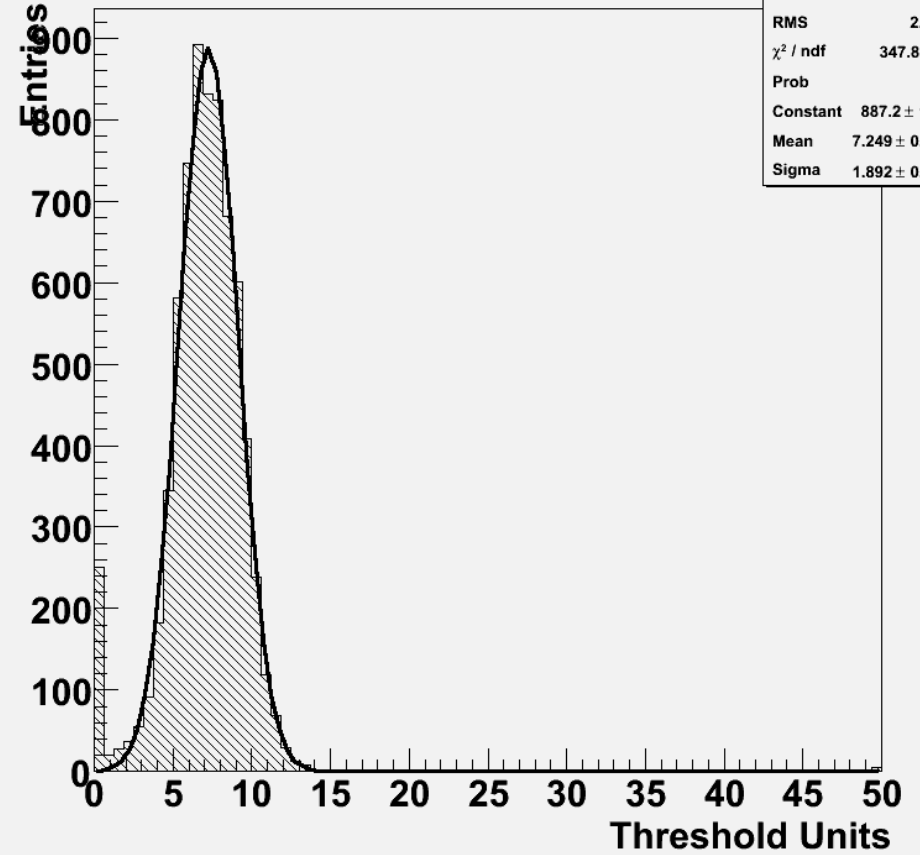


Fit sigma 1



Fit sigma1	
Entries	7121
Mean	5.141
RMS	2.358
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	249.2 / 42
Prob	0
Constant	$1420 \pm 22.0$
Mean	$5.121 \pm 0.015$
Sigma	$1.206 \pm 0.012$

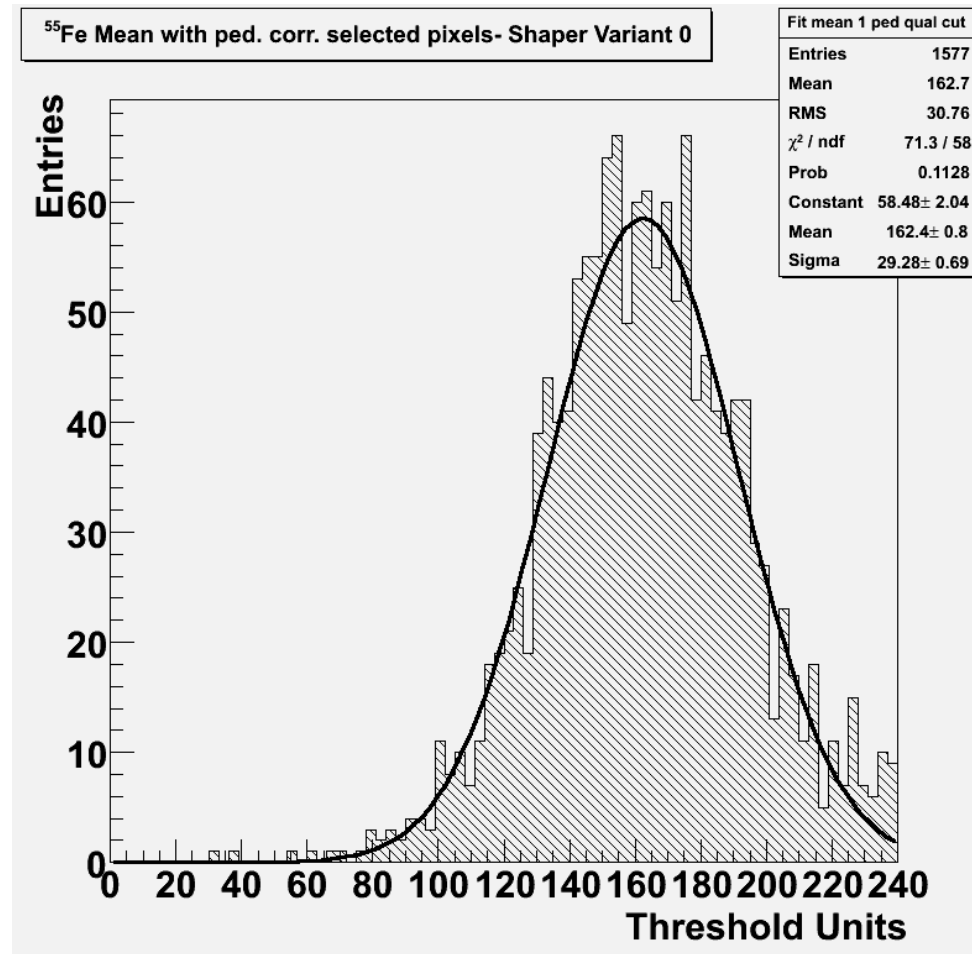
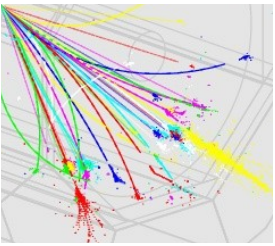
Fit sigma 2



Fit sigma2	
Entries	7079
Mean	7.096
RMS	2.949
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	347.8 / 42
Prob	0
Constant	$887.2 \pm 13.6$
Mean	$7.249 \pm 0.023$
Sigma	$1.892 \pm 0.018$



# TPAC 1.1



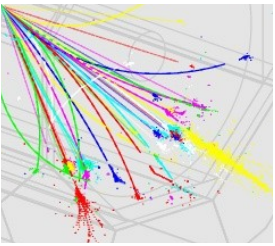
## Sensor 25 untrimmed



# So ...

- Fake peak 12  $\mu\text{m}$  +DPW
  - 72.3 mV (analog)
  - 165 TU (bulk)
  - 2.3 mV /TU
- Noise then (including comparator)
  - Width of Peak is 7.2 TU (from the fit ...)
  - That is 16.6 mV (or 106 electrons)
  - however, the fake peak isn't infinitely small

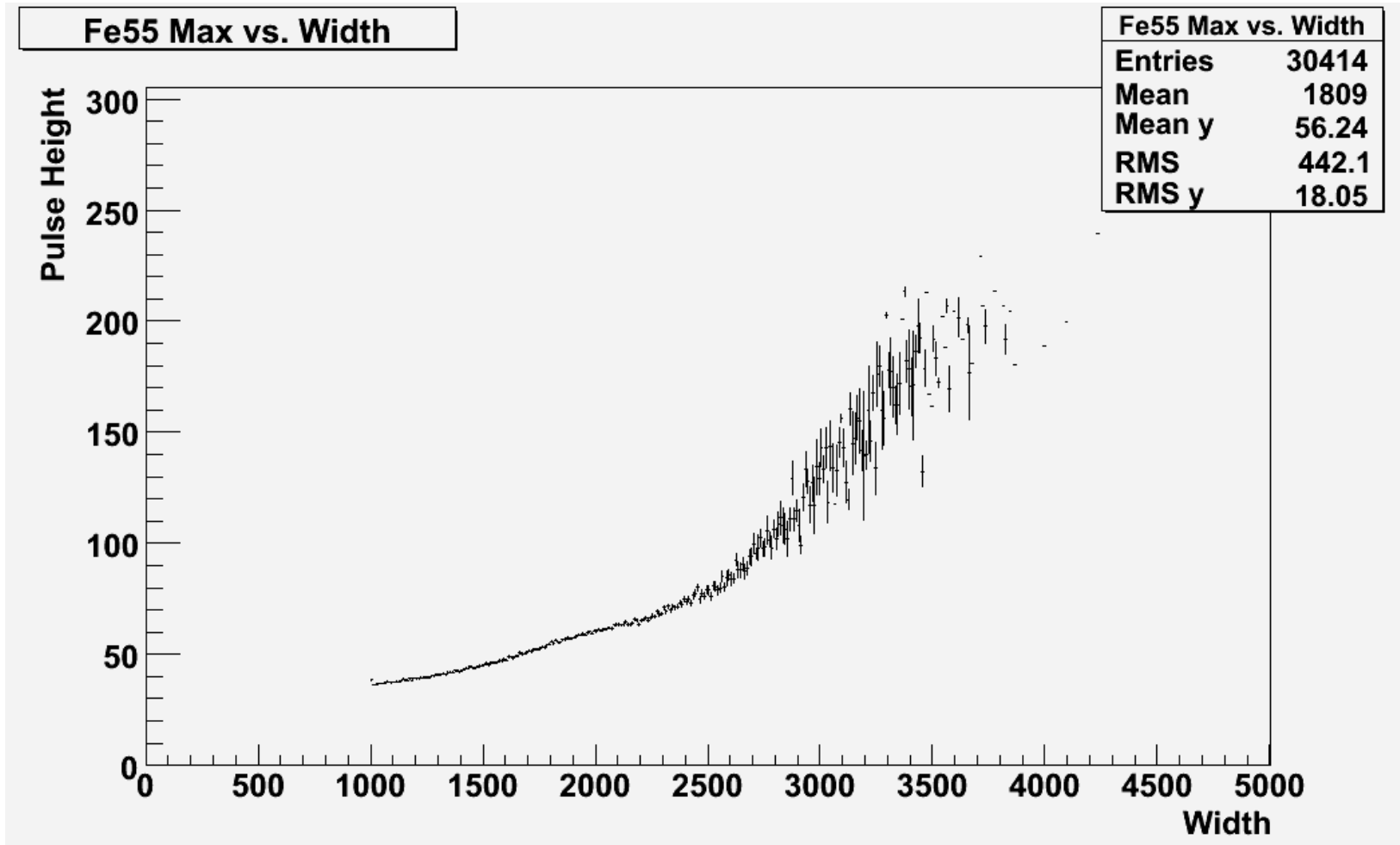
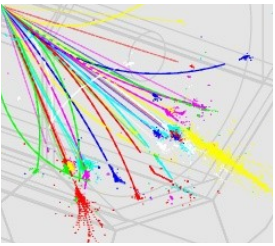




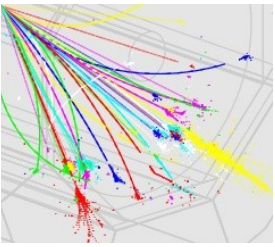
# Fake peak width

- Is about 11 mV
- Noise the same for both fake and  $K_{\alpha}$ 
  - Width of fake peak  $\sim 9.4$  mV
  - or 4.1 TU
- Using that
  - 6.6 TU noise ...
  - or 15.8 mV
  - still too much (100 electrons)

# Some other items







# Upshot

- Calibrating with the fake peak is still tricky
- Analog test pixel performance is very consistent with simulation
- Bulk is still mystery

