

DESY Tracking Update

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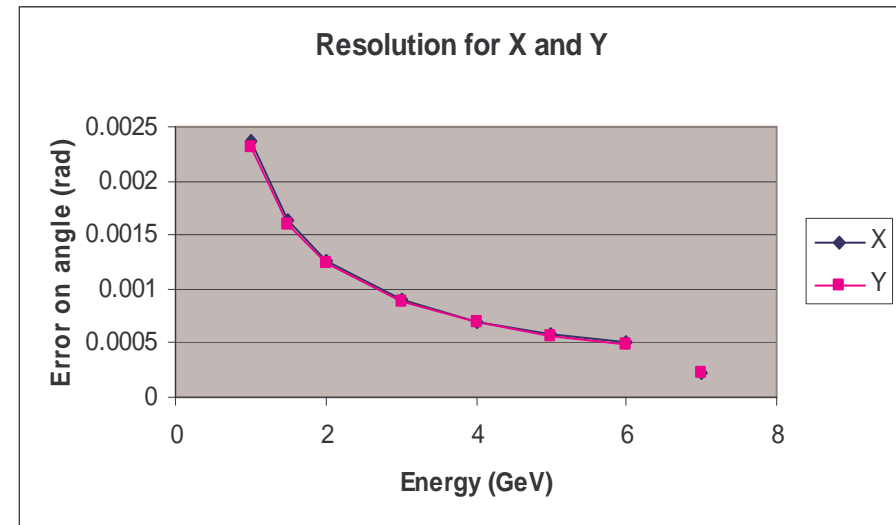
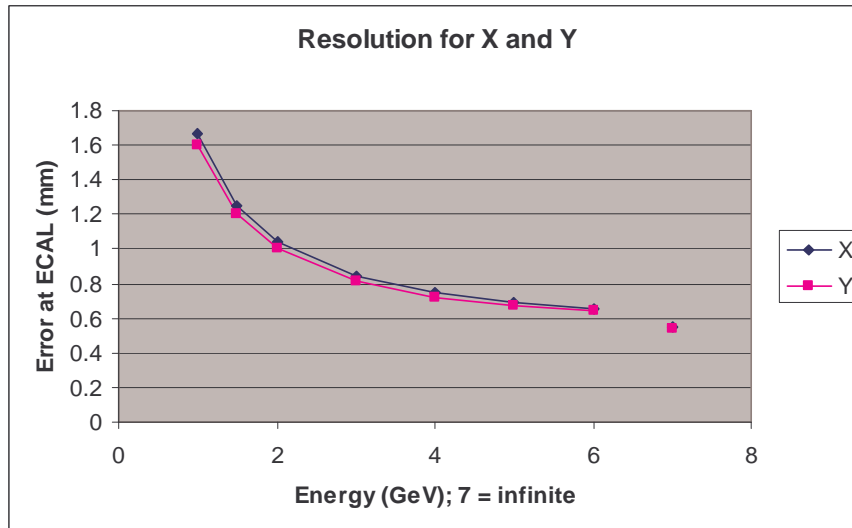
- Track resolutions
- Alignment in run 230101
- Software structure

Track resolutions at DESY

- Want to see how the track resolution depends on various parameters
- Use MC to determine errors from scattering for all seven DESY energies
- Add in intrinsic resolution (assumed to be 0.5mm) to get total error matrix
- Propagate errors to get track parameter error matrix and extrapolate matrix to ECAL front face
- N.B. No actual fits; this is purely propagation of errors

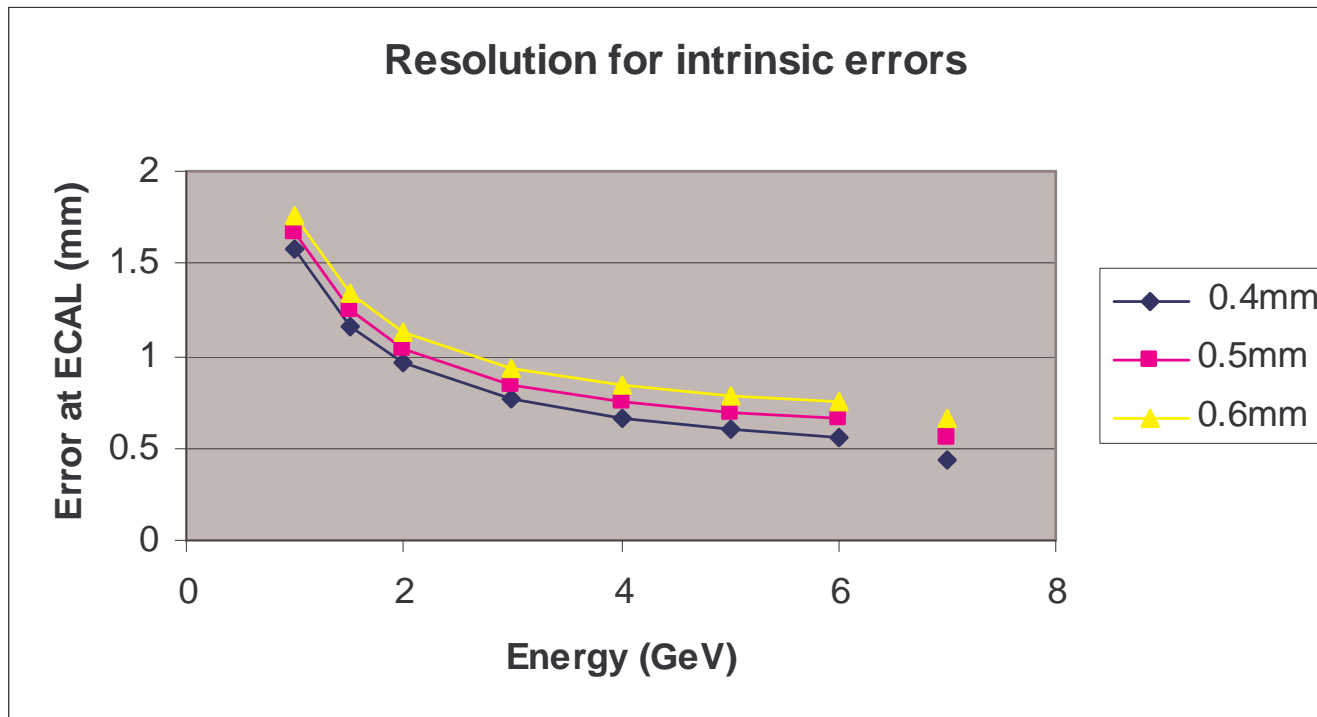
Errors in x and y

- Position and angle resolution at ECAL



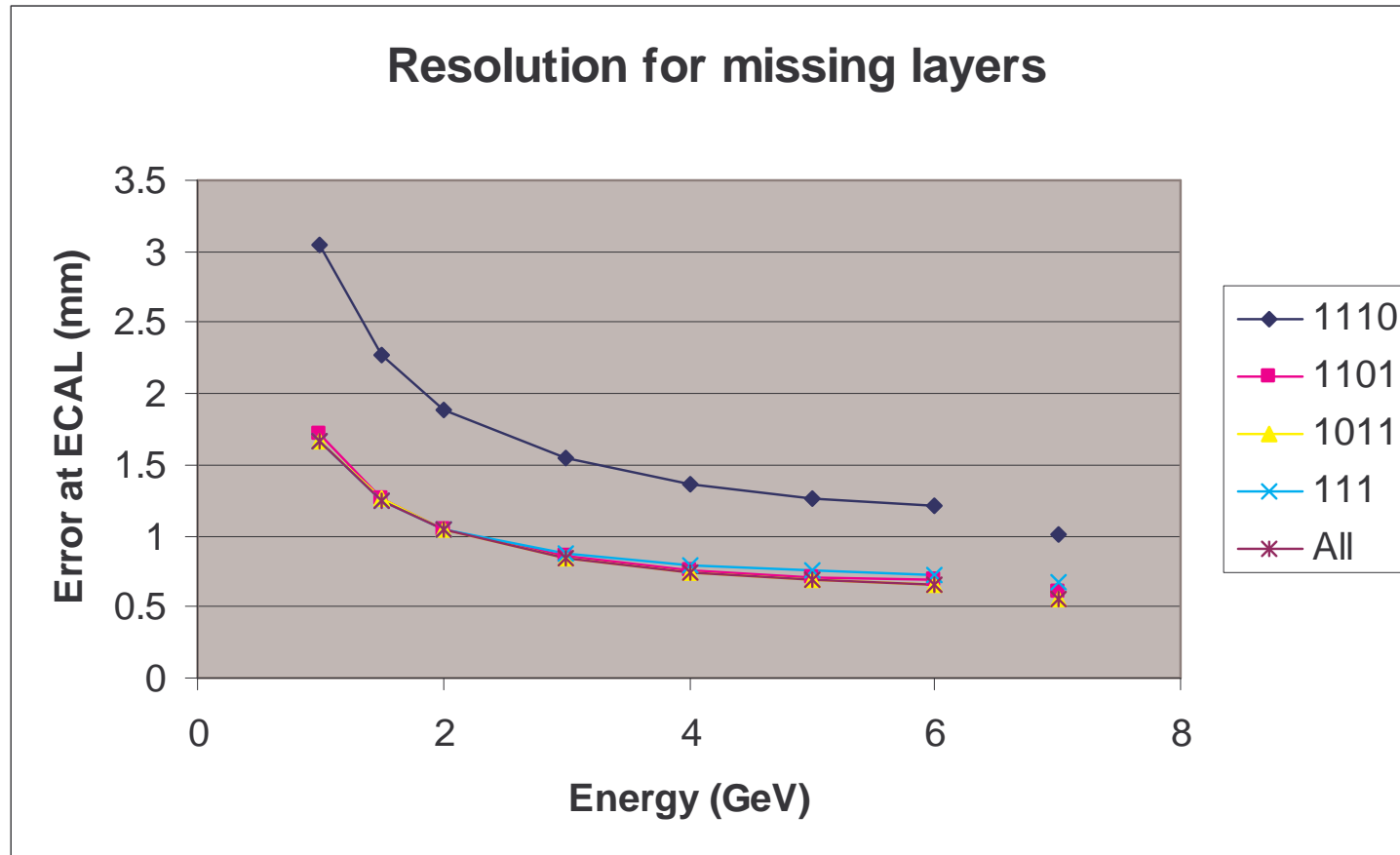
- Shift in z of tracking layers is only difference
- Position error difference ~5%
 - Negligible or use different error matrices for x and y?
- Only show x values from now on

Dependence on intrinsic resolution



- Highest energies depend strongly on intrinsic resolution
 - Dominates over scattering at these energies
- We need to determine the intrinsic resolution well to understand the track errors

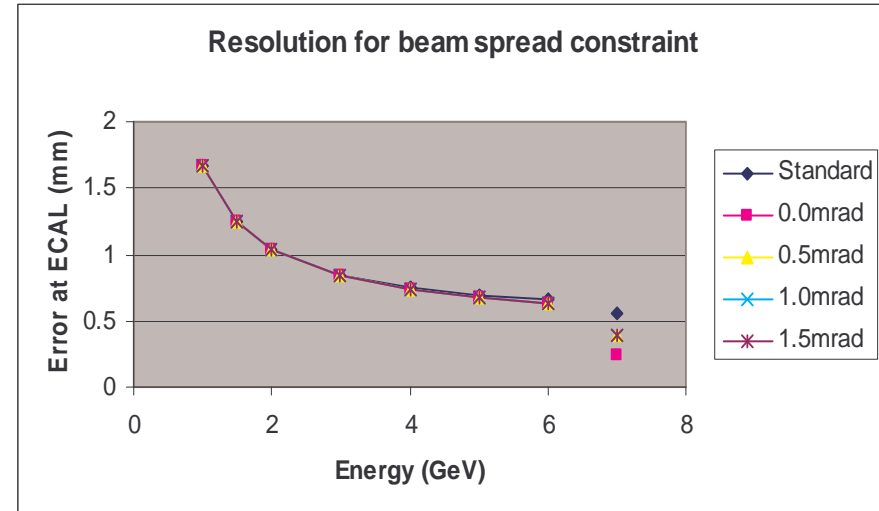
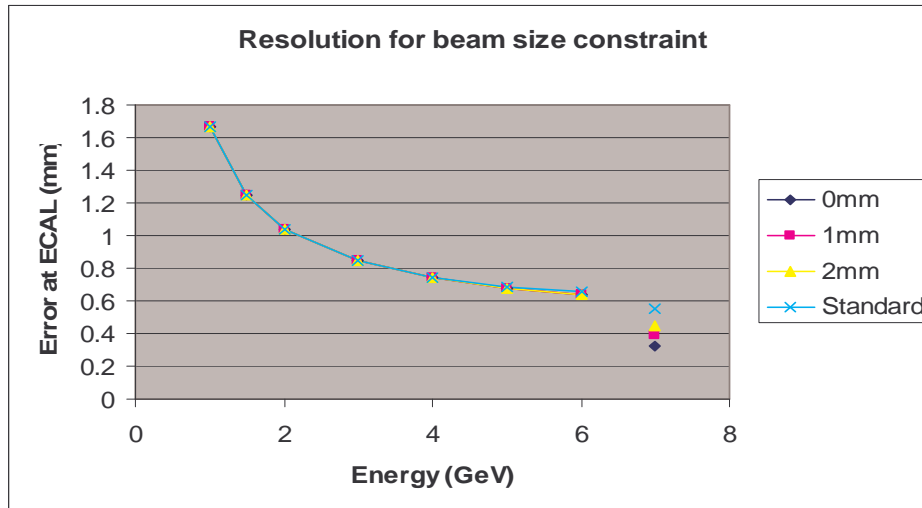
Dependence on missing layers



- Only small differences unless layer 0 hit is missing
 - Only allow three-hit tracks with layer 0 included?

Beam constrained fits

- Beam size and angular spread give two more constraints
 - Impact on fit depends on the width of these distributions



- Very little improvement with hits in all four layers
 - Should (?) give significant constraint if doing two-hit tracks
- At high energies it makes a significant improvement
 - Should the fit/software allow for this (for CERN)?

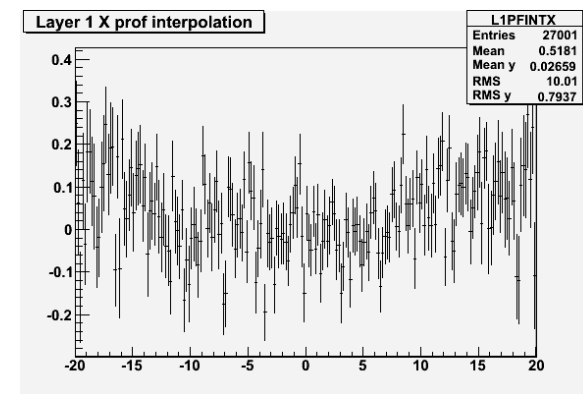
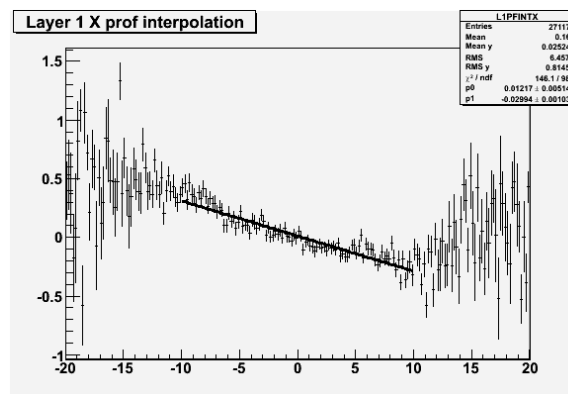
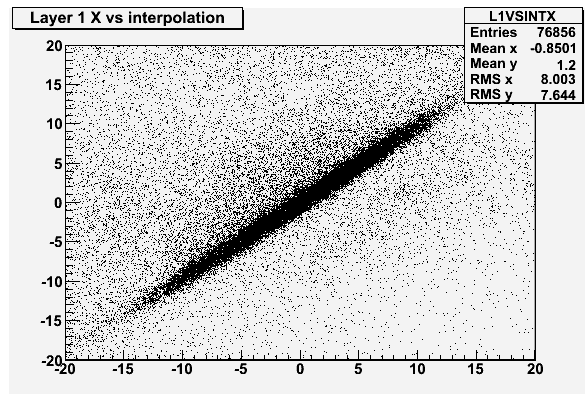
Resolution conclusions

- Track resolution down to $\sim 0.6\text{mm}$ at the ECAL should be achievable
 - This requires systematics to be significantly below this value
- Target: get systematics below 0.2mm (extra 10% on total error)
 - This requires alignment to be known to 0.2mm level
 - For beam spread of $\sim 10\text{mm}$, target corresponds to 2%
 - Drift velocity must be known to 2% level
- We must also know the error accurately
 - Need to measure intrinsic error well
- Outstanding questions
 - Do we use different scattering matrices for x and y?
 - Do we code for possibility of beam constraint later?
 - Do we need different scattering matrices for e and pi (at CERN)?

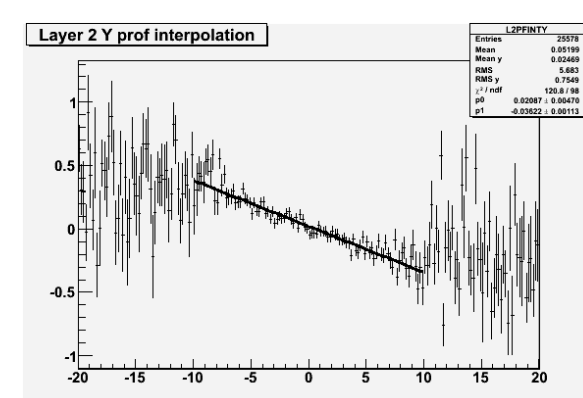
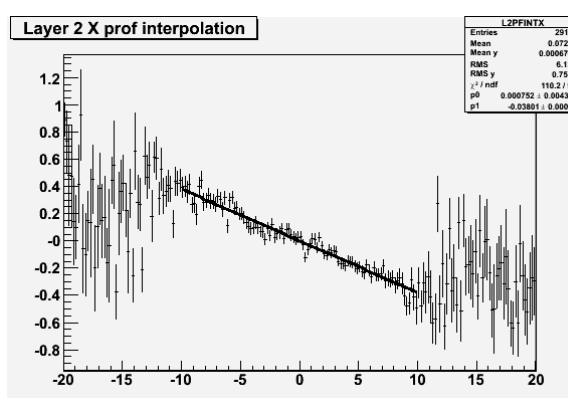
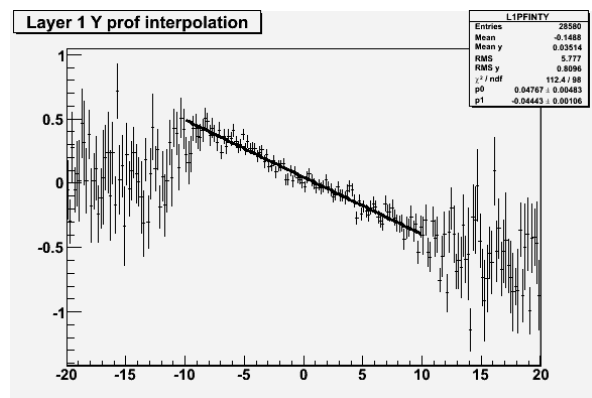
Alignment for run 230101

- Don't have enough external “rulers” to fix drift velocity
 - Would need two external positions, or position and direction
 - The ECAL only measures position and not direction (accurately enough)
 - The beam spot is only measurable by tracking (so circular argument)
- Try assuming layer 0 and 3 have the same drift velocity
 - This is not correct exactly but gives overall distortion to system which we are not sensitive to
 - Start assuming drift velocity of 0.03mm/ns in each
- Interpolate inwards to determine drift velocity of layers 1 and 2
 - Compare to very simple straight line between the hits in layers 0 and 3
 - Effectively gives relative drift velocities
- Fit all four layers and extrapolate to ECAL
 - Use as ruler to get overall scale; adjust all four drift velocities together to agree

Layer 1 and 2 alignment

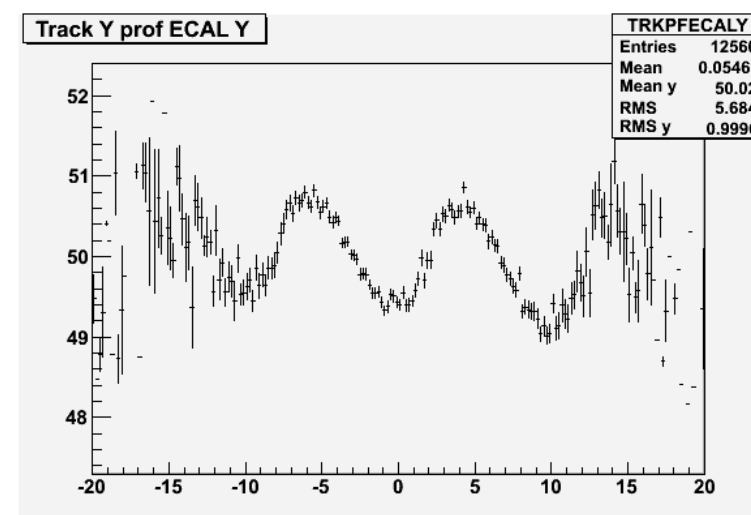
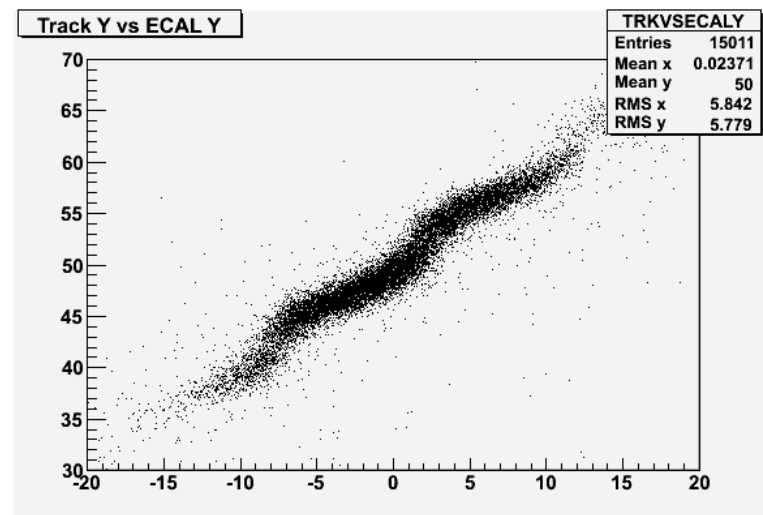
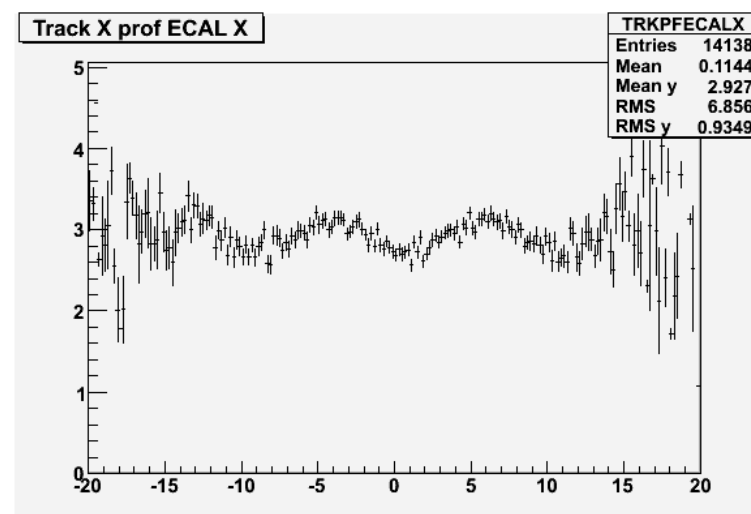
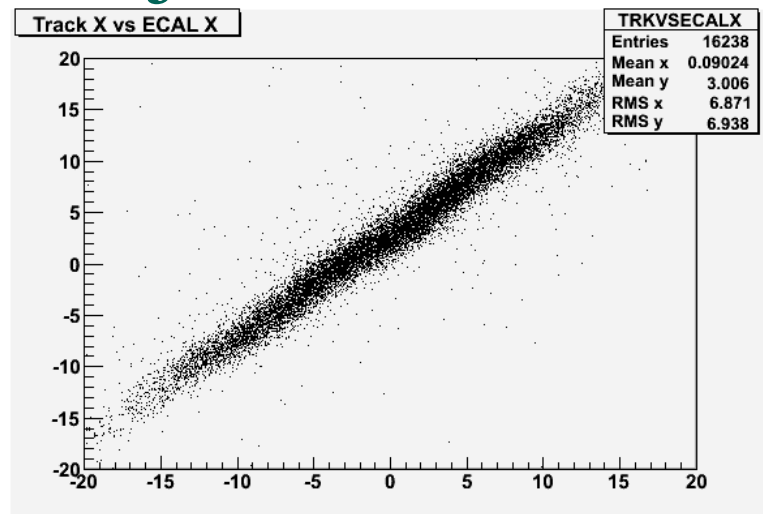


- Correct for slope (and intercept but small); still not perfect, but...



- All four cases show same (negative) direction of slope; bias?

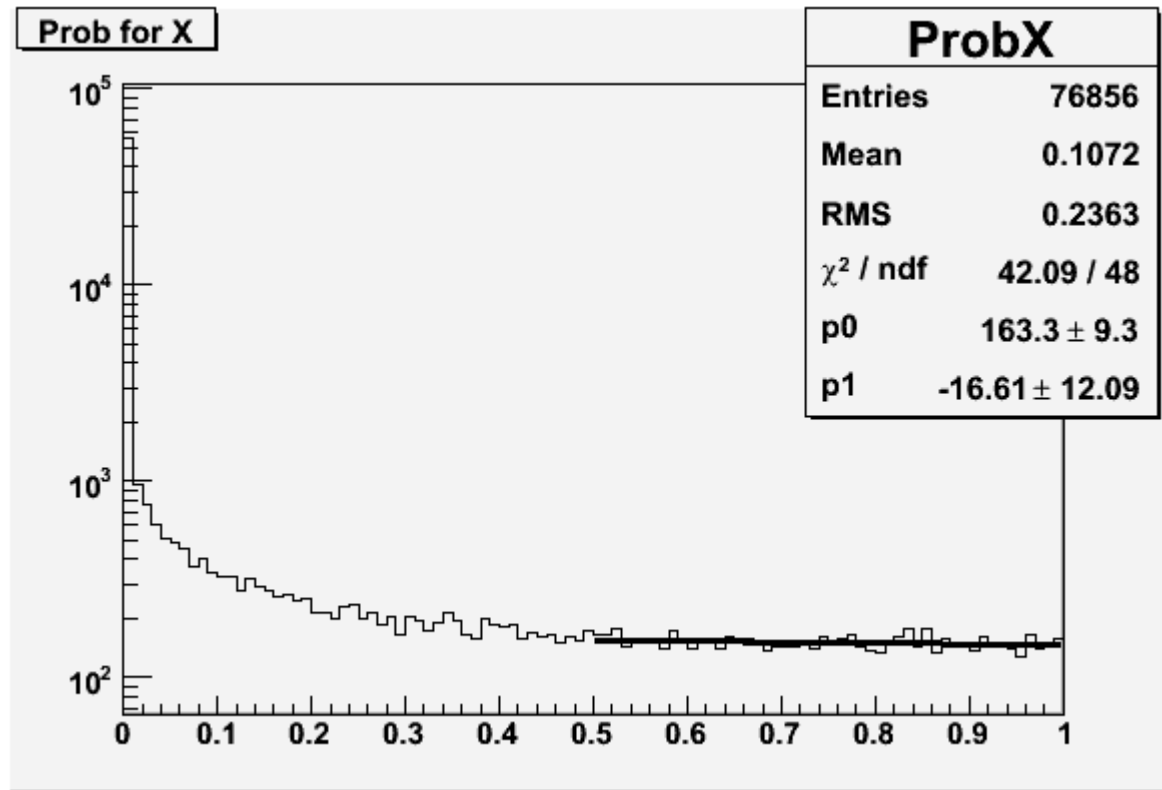
Adjustment to ECAL



- Correct only for slope; intercept is ECAL alignment = 2.9, 50.0

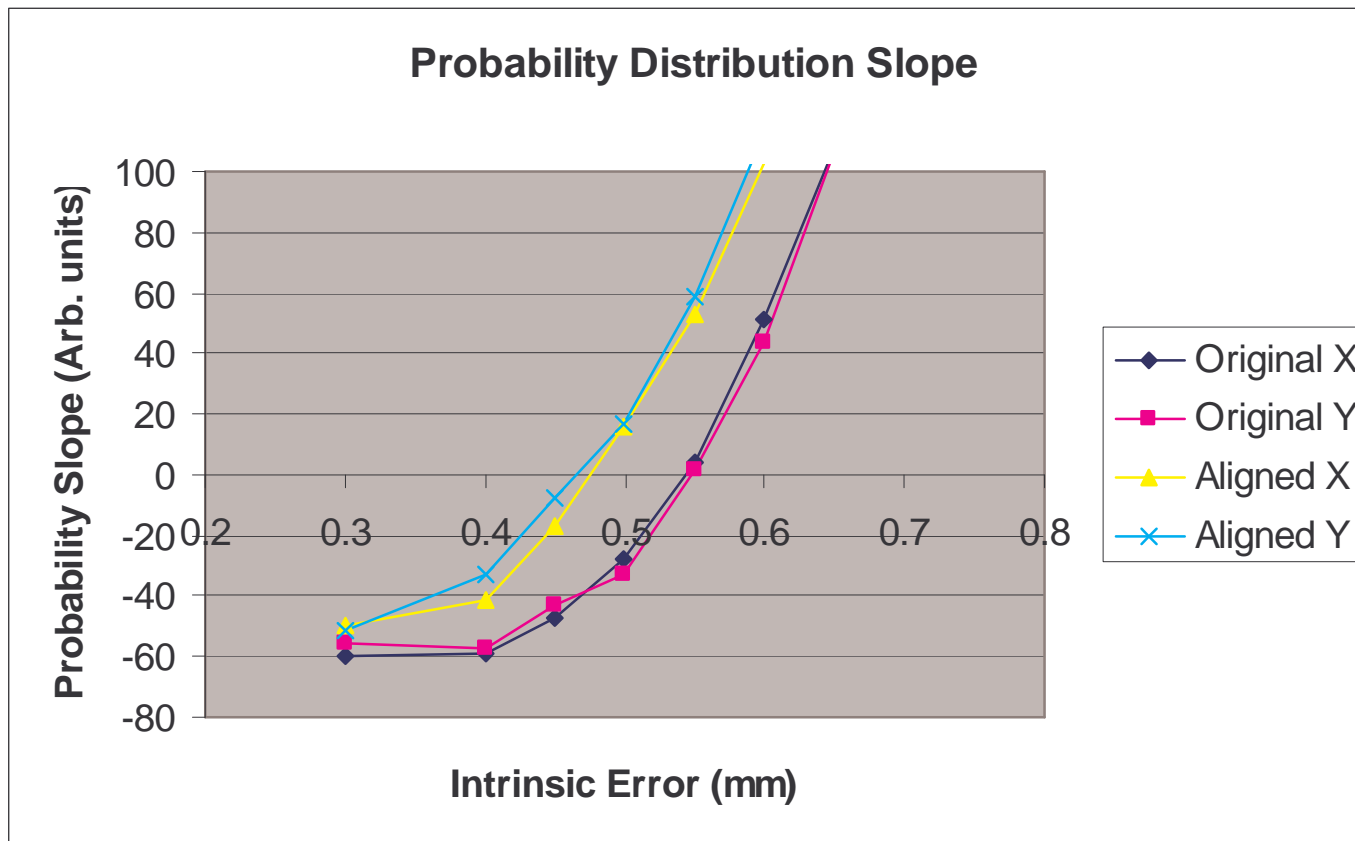
Intrinsic resolution

- Need to know intrinsic resolution
 - Try determining from track fit χ^2 probability being flat
 - Fit probability distribution in 0.5-1.0 range to avoid bad hit combinations
 - Look for slope being zero



Intrinsic resolution (cont)

- Try different intrinsic resolutions in fit and compare slopes
 - Both before and after realignment

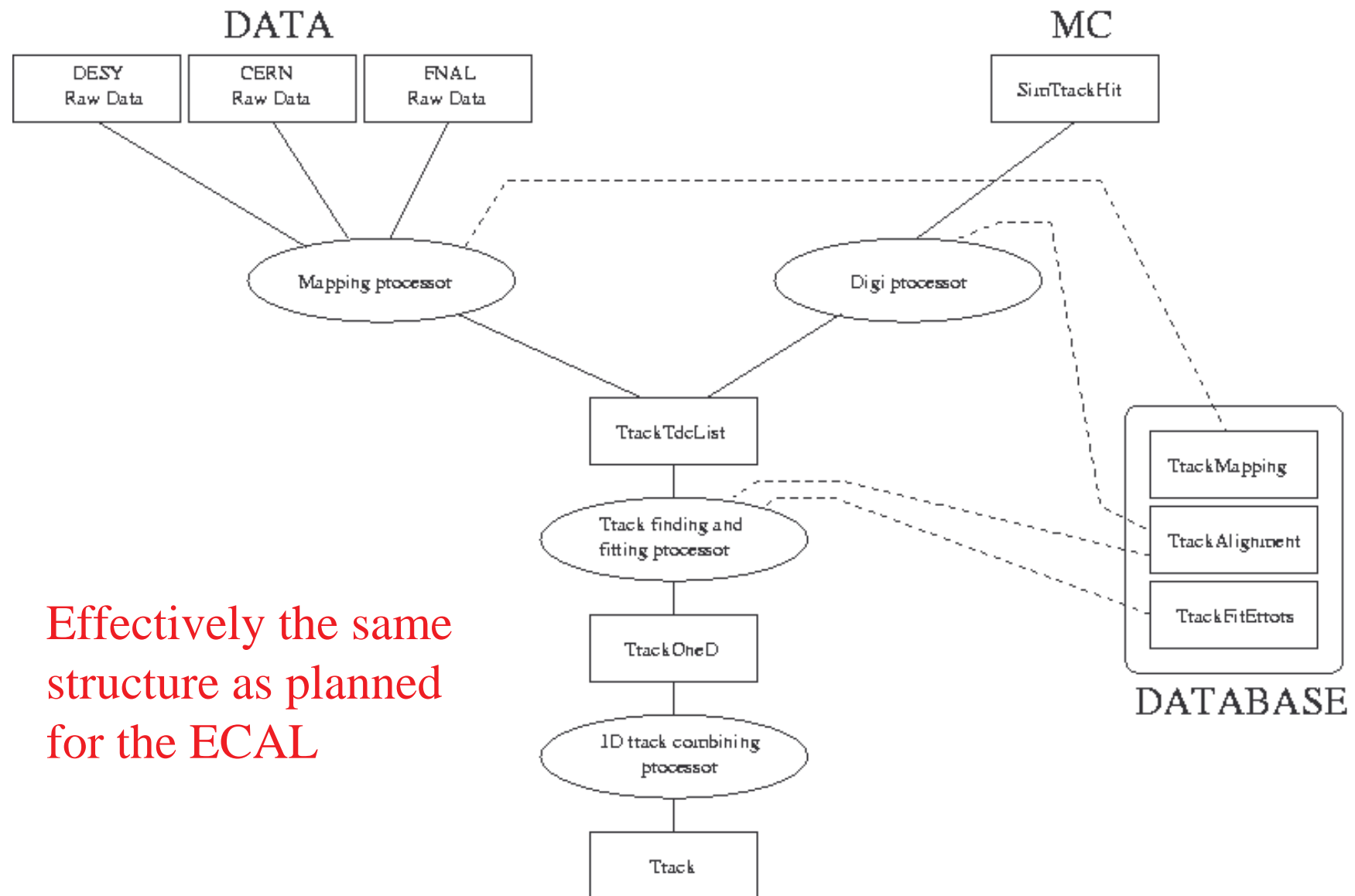


- Value for zero slope approx 0.55mm before, 0.45mm after

Alignment conclusions

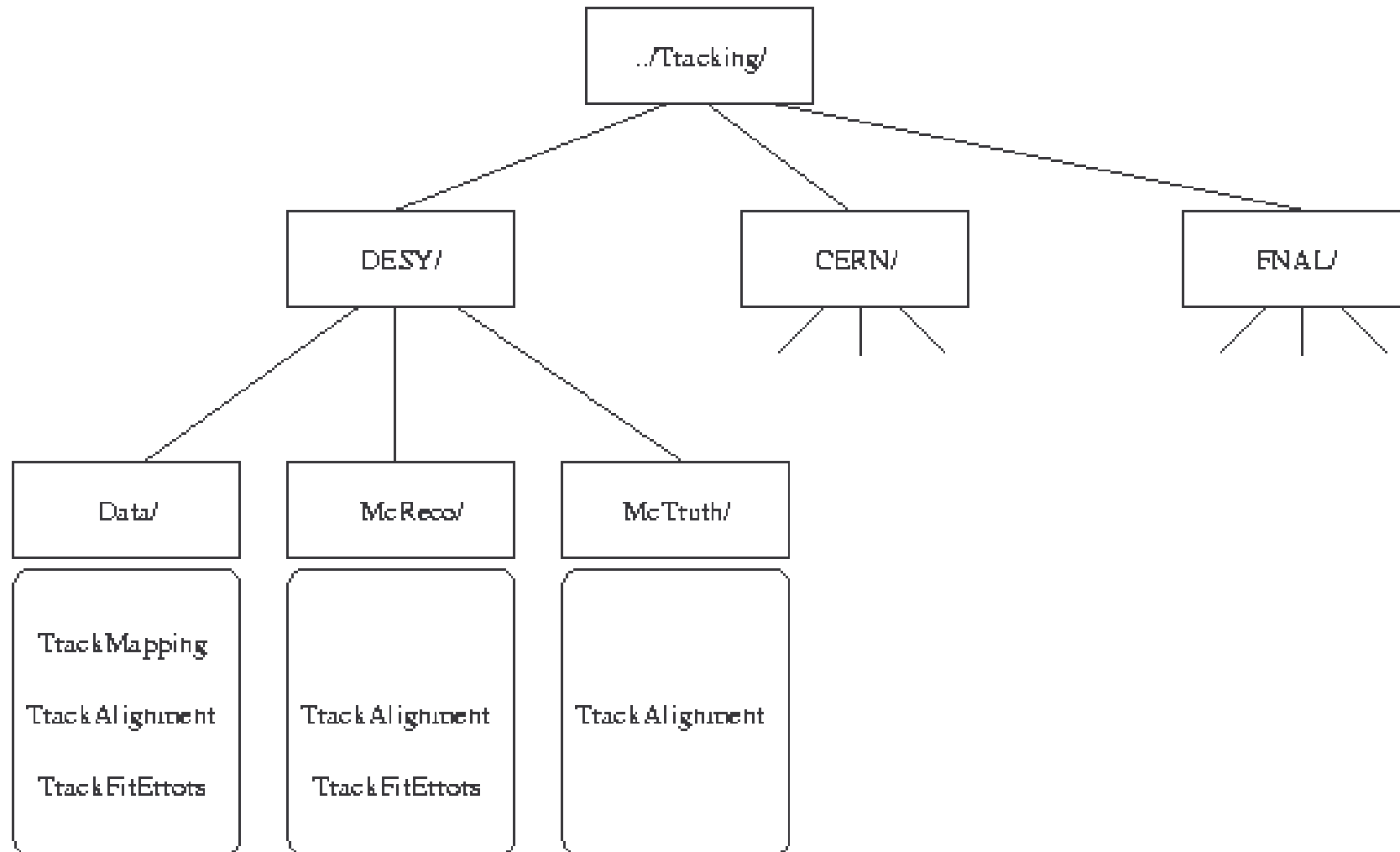
- Gains to be made from internal alignment
 - But there are clearly some remaining systematics
 - Need to cross check; e.g. fitting tracks by removing each layer in turn
- The intrinsic resolution can be got down to $\sim 0.45\text{mm}$
 - How much more it can be reduced is not clear
- How stable the alignment is is not clear either
 - Tuned on this run so not surprising the error improved
 - Could vary run-to-run; doing each run by hand is long-winded
 - Can this be automated?

Proposed software structure



Effectively the same
structure as planned
for the ECAL

Proposed database structure



Processors

- **Mapping**: converts data structures to common format
 - Run for real data only (no mapping in MC)
 - Output in layer/dimension labelling; needs TDC-to-physical channel map from database
 - Would also strip out obvious out-of-time hits
 - Combine CERN \pm values to give single int per dimension
- **Digi**: converts truth hit in MC to TDC hit
 - Run for MC only
 - Needs alignment, drift velocity, z positions, intrinsic resolution and efficiency per chamber
 - Get in single TrackAlignment object from database; McTruth version used here

Processors (cont)

- **Track finding/fitting**: forms 1D tracks from TDC hits
 - Run for real data and MC
 - Needs alignment and correct error matrices for beam energy
 - TrackAlignment and TrackFitErrors from database; use Data or McReco versions (these may be equal for the error case)
- **2D Track finding**: combines 1D tracks to 2D tracks
 - Run for real data and MC
 - No database access needed
 - Must use LCIO standard Track output with normal values of parameters so event display works
- Most processors need to retrieve values from **database**
 - Not trivial; Anne-Marie meeting Roman today to iron this out
 - Hopefully working soon; common solution to all cases

Data storage classes

- Need five new data storage classes based on LCGeneric
- Database data:
 - TrackMapping
 - TrackAlignment
 - TrackFitErrors
- Event data:
 - TrackTdcList
 - TrackOneD
- Preliminary versions of TrackAlignment, TrackFitErrors and TrackOneD exist

Priorities

- Mapping: Currently hardcoded in fitting processor
 - OK until Japanese SCECAL data need processing (DESY but use different TDC mapping)
 - **Not urgent**
- Digi: Currently goes to separate raw data formats and alignment values passed by steering file
 - Can convert to using local TrackAlignment object now
 - Database interface then added later
 - How big a job to change output to common format?
 - **Not essential yet but should be done soon**

Priorities (cont)

- Track finding/fitting: Currently uses separate data formats and alignment values passed by steering file
 - Critical to convert to using TrackAlignment for constants
 - Critical to convert to using TrackFitErrors for fit matrix
 - Critical to use TrackOneD as output format
 - How big a job to change input to common format?
 - **This is all necessary for full reprocessing**
- 2D track finding: Does not exist yet
 - No database access
 - Input (effectively) and output (definitely) defined
 - Could be done completely now
 - **Not so critical** since TrackOneD output may be sufficient

Software conclusions

- Track finding/fitting processor and database access are the most critical parts
 - Must partition the processor work now
 - Must complete and test both parts within two weeks (max)
- Other parts can be done later
 - Changing to using common format couples processors
 - Needs to be coordinated; when to do this?
 - Before or after LCWS deadline is main question for today