

A Laser-Based Beam Density Distribution Diagnostic for the RAL Front End Test Stand

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Outline

The RAL Front End Test Stand

The Need for Non-Destructive, Non-Interceptive Diagnostics

Laser-Based H⁻ Beam Diagnostics:

- Basic Principle

- The Approach Taken

Progress Made:

- Particle Transport Simulations

- Laser Characterisation

Conclusions and Outlook

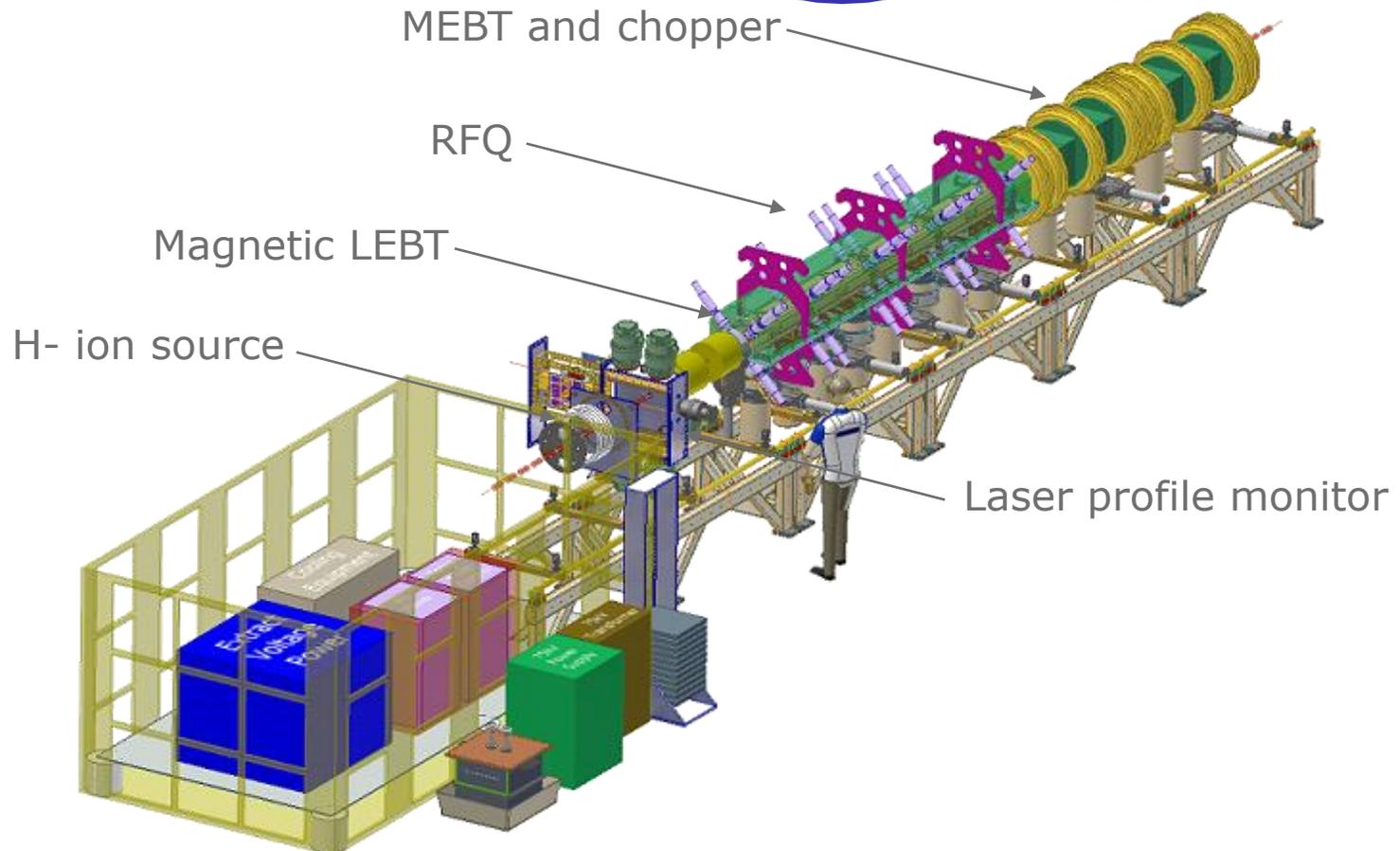
The Front End Test Stand



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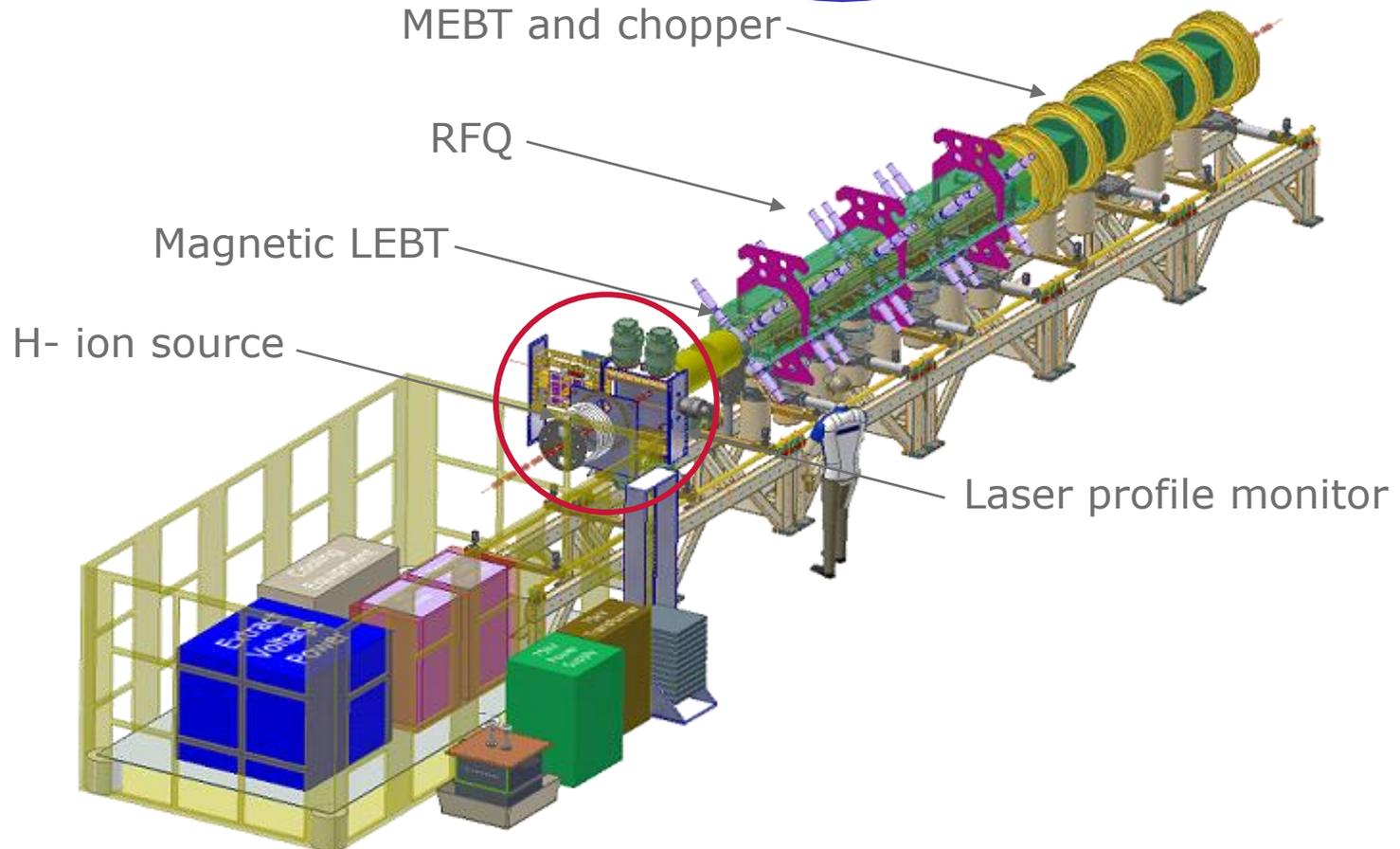
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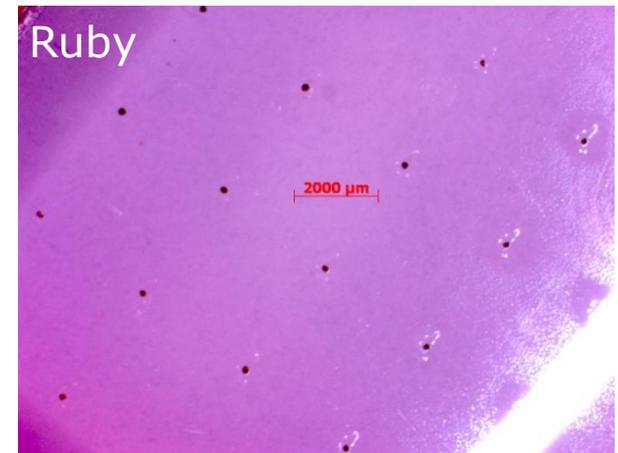
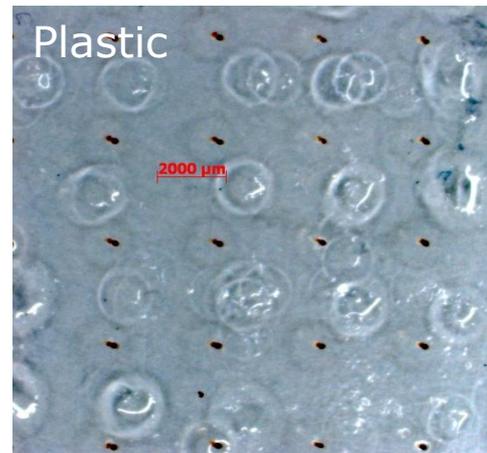


The Need for Non-Destructive, Non-Interceptive Diagnostics

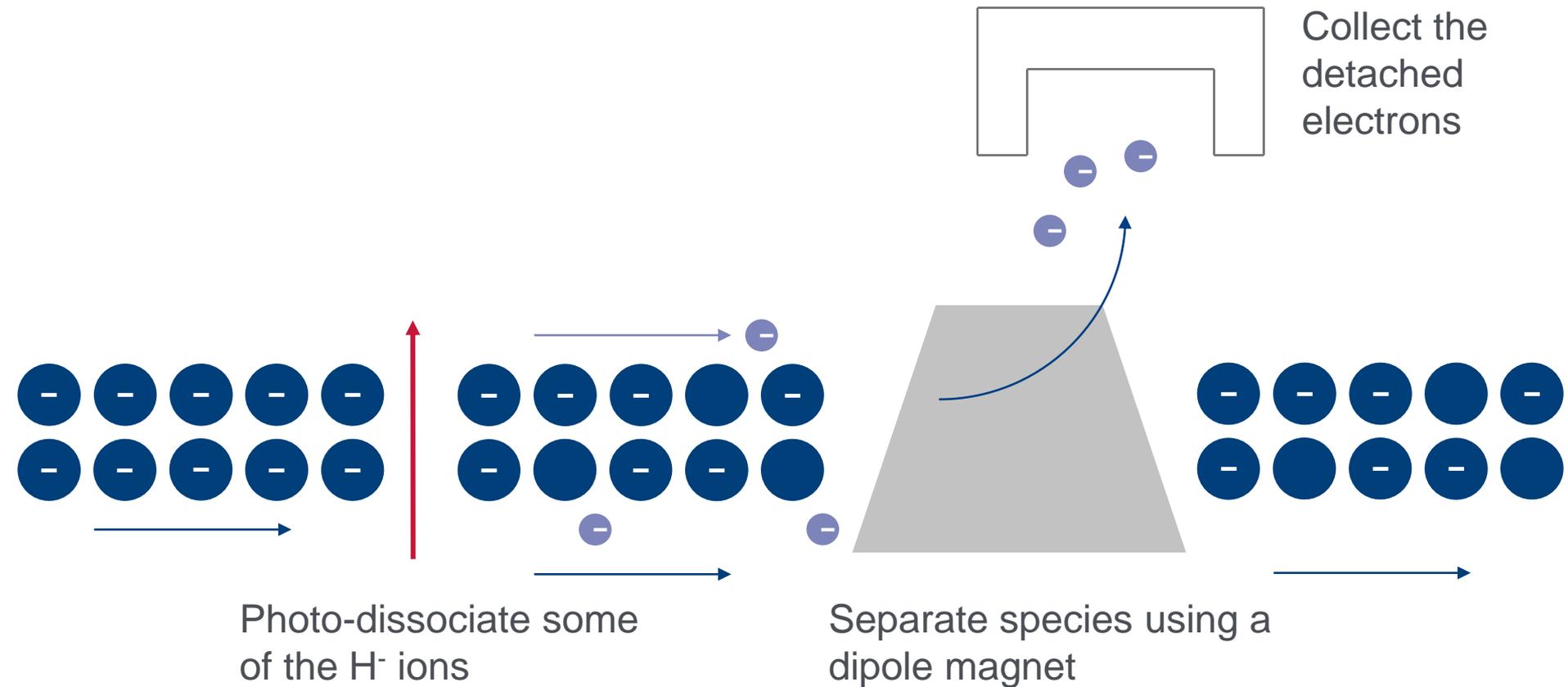
Allows for online monitoring of the beam

The Need for Non-Destructive, Non-Interceptive Diagnostics

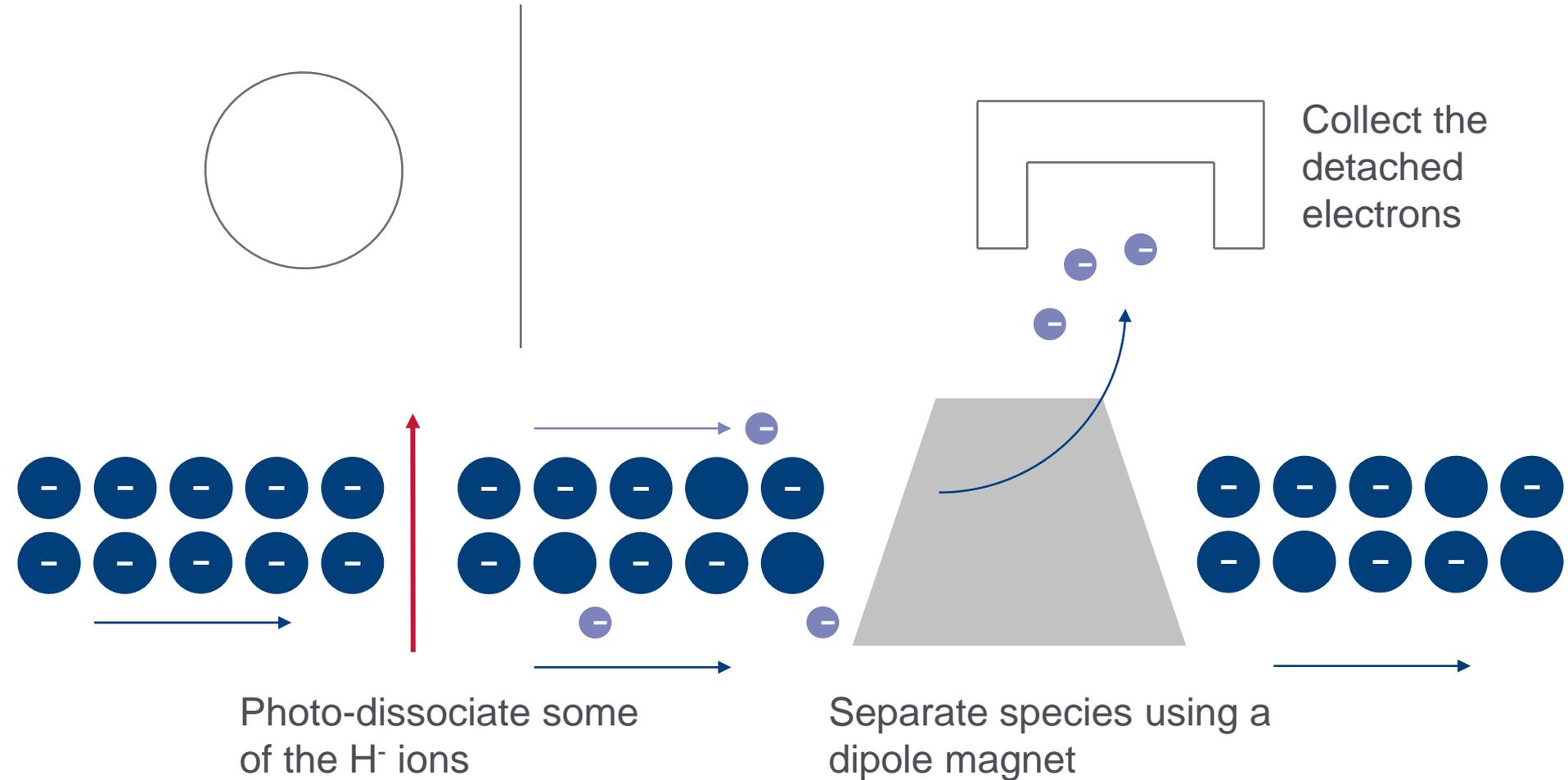
Allows for online monitoring of the beam
Prevents the beam damaging the instrument



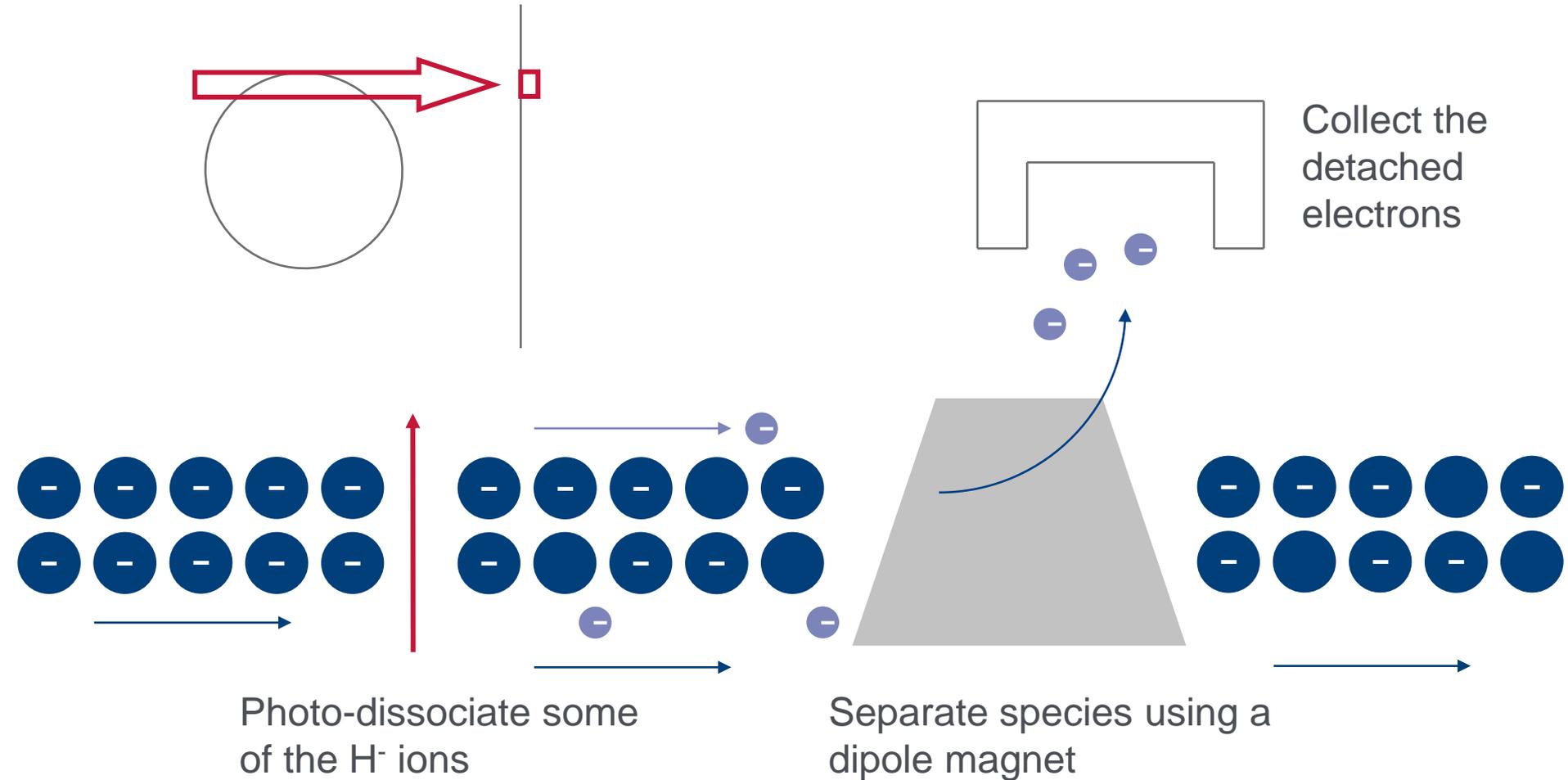
Laser-based Beam Diagnostics: Principle for H^-



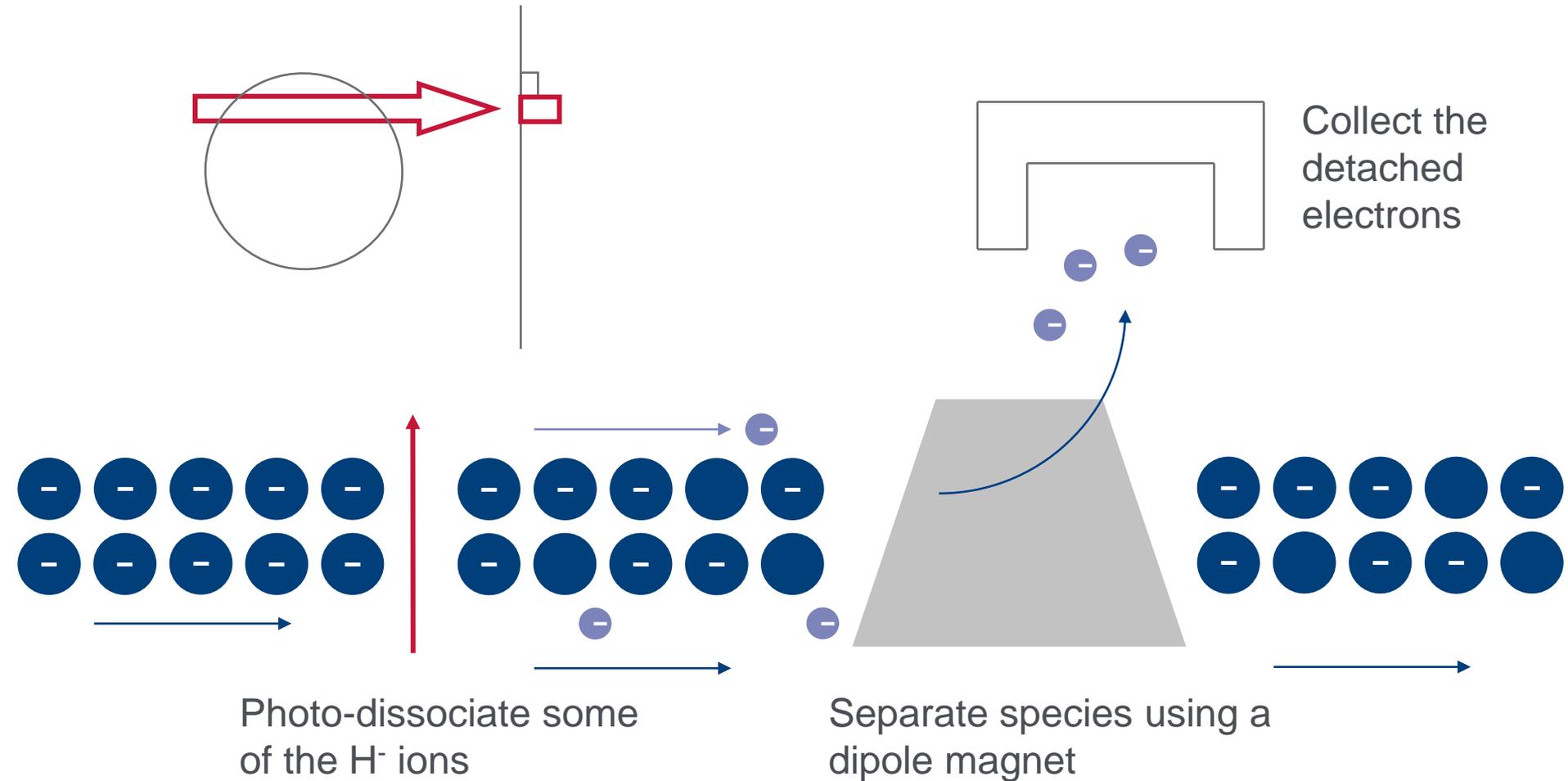
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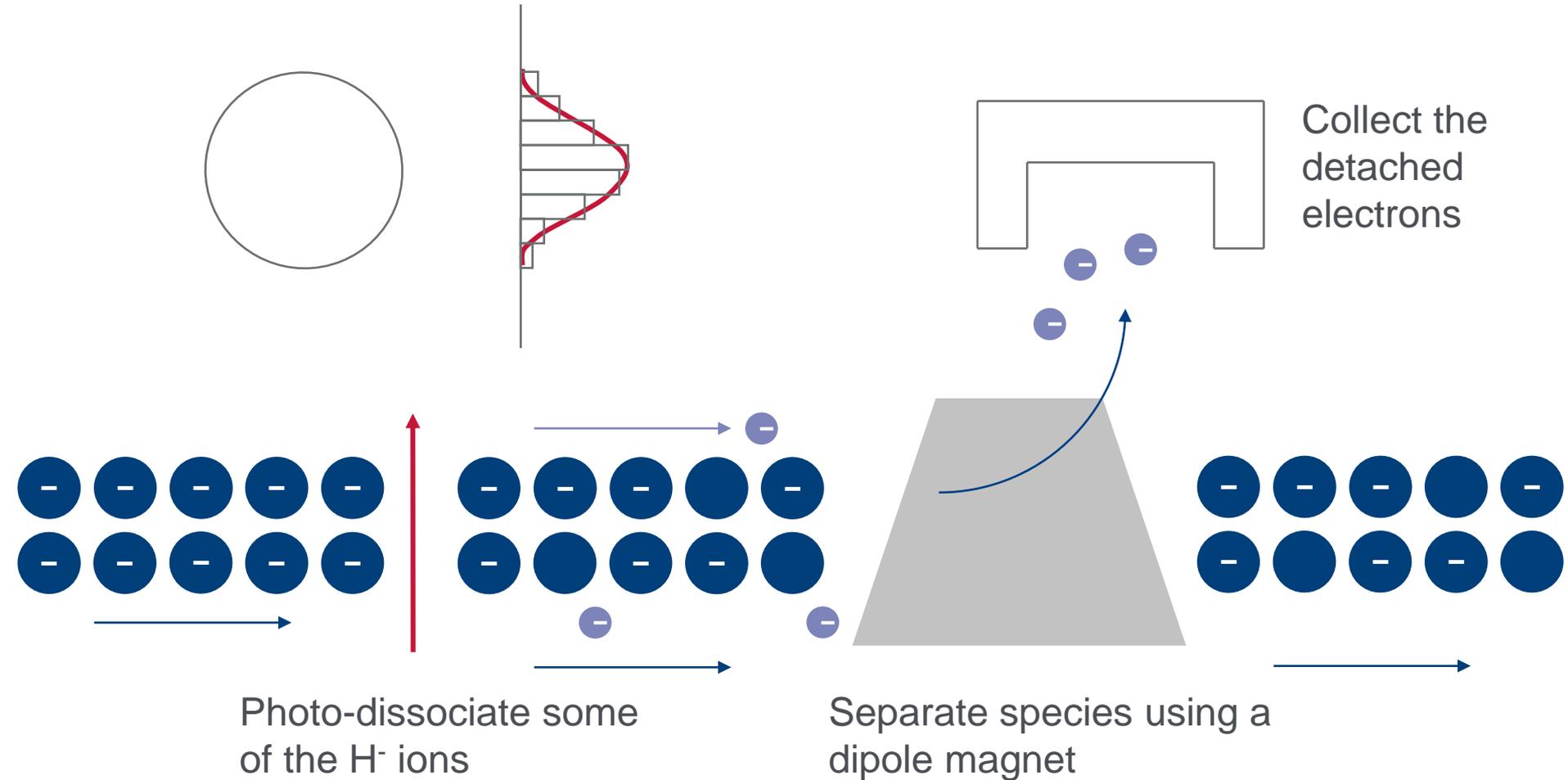
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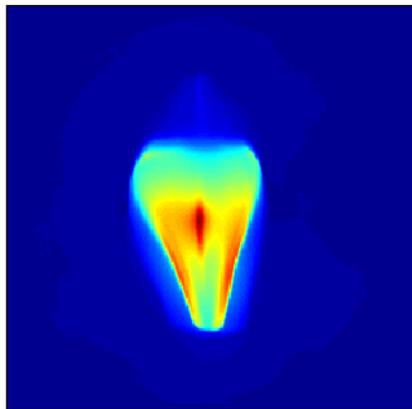


Laser-based Beam Diagnostics: Principle for H^-

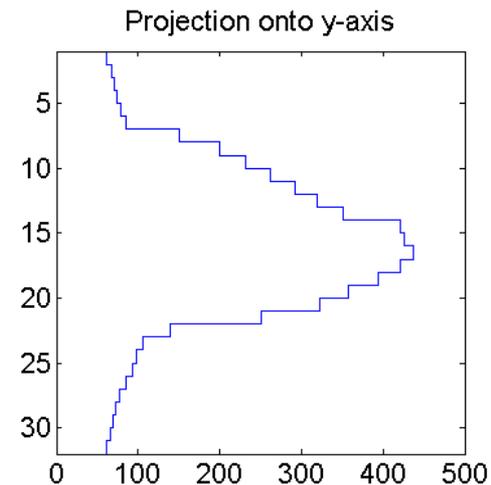
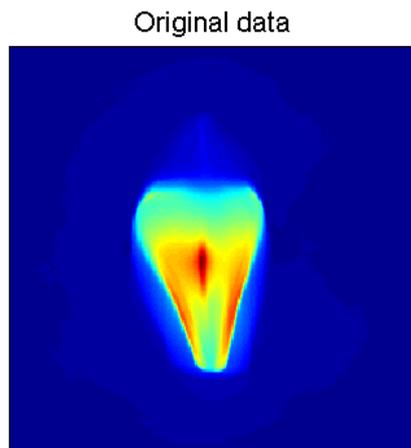
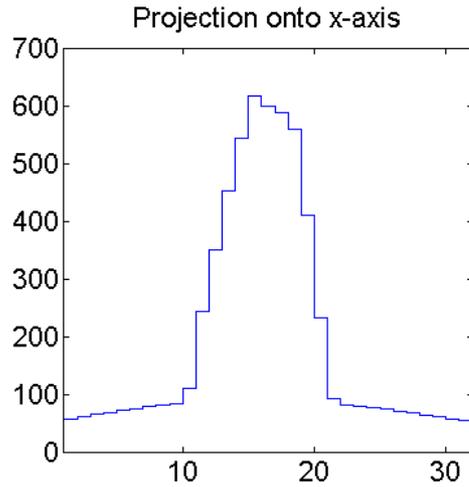


The Need for Multiple (>2) Projections

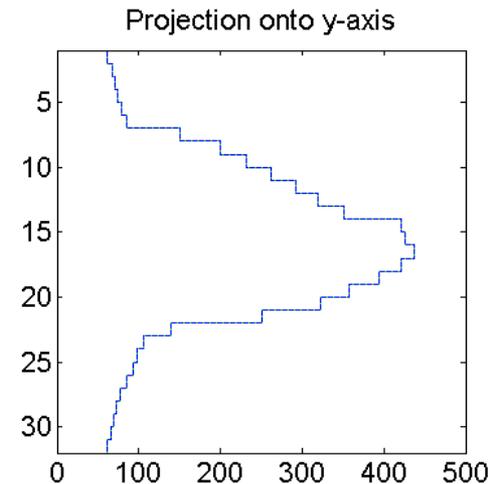
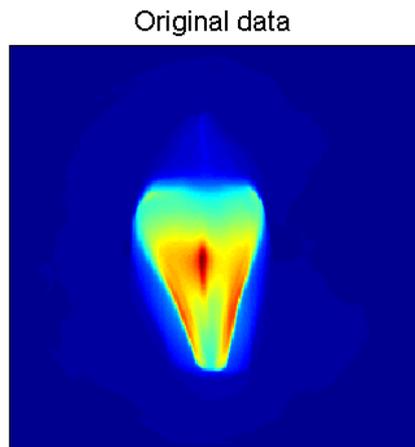
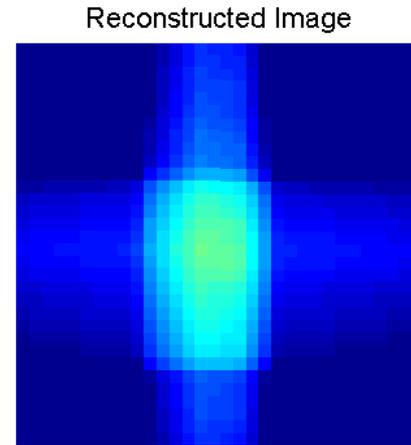
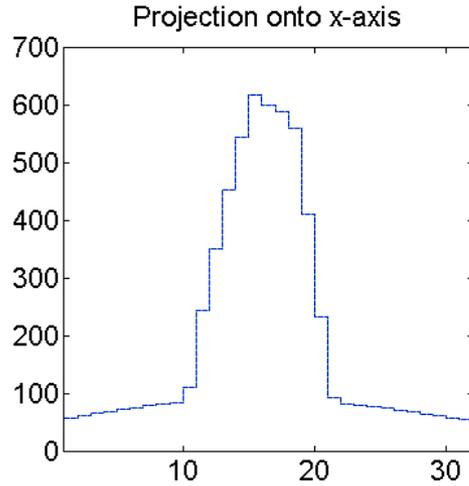
Original data



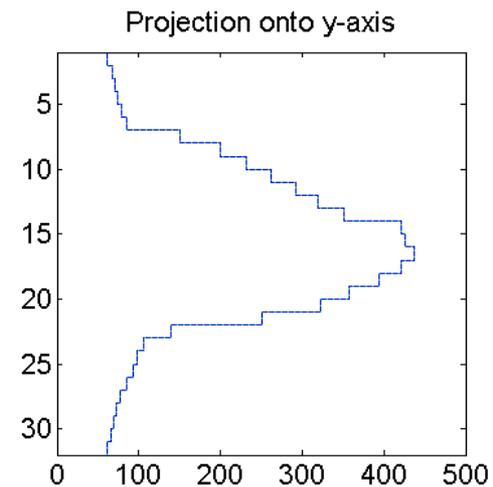
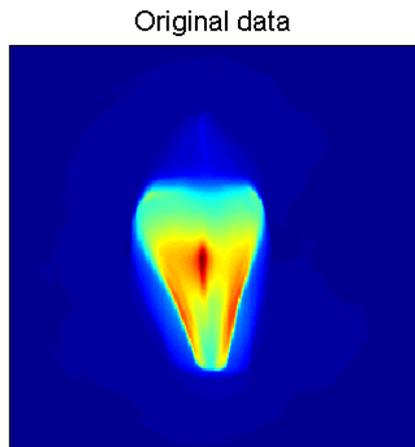
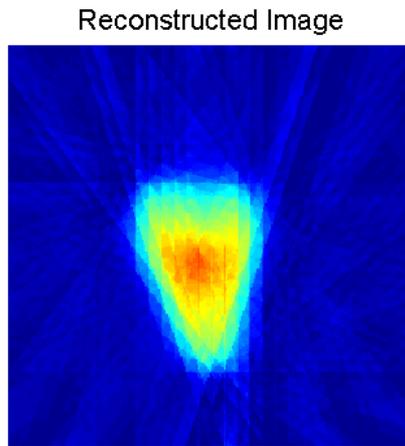
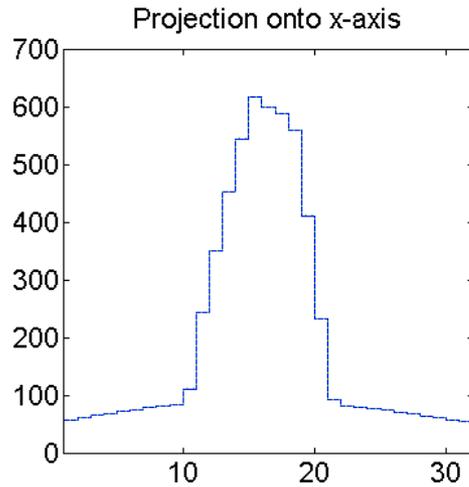
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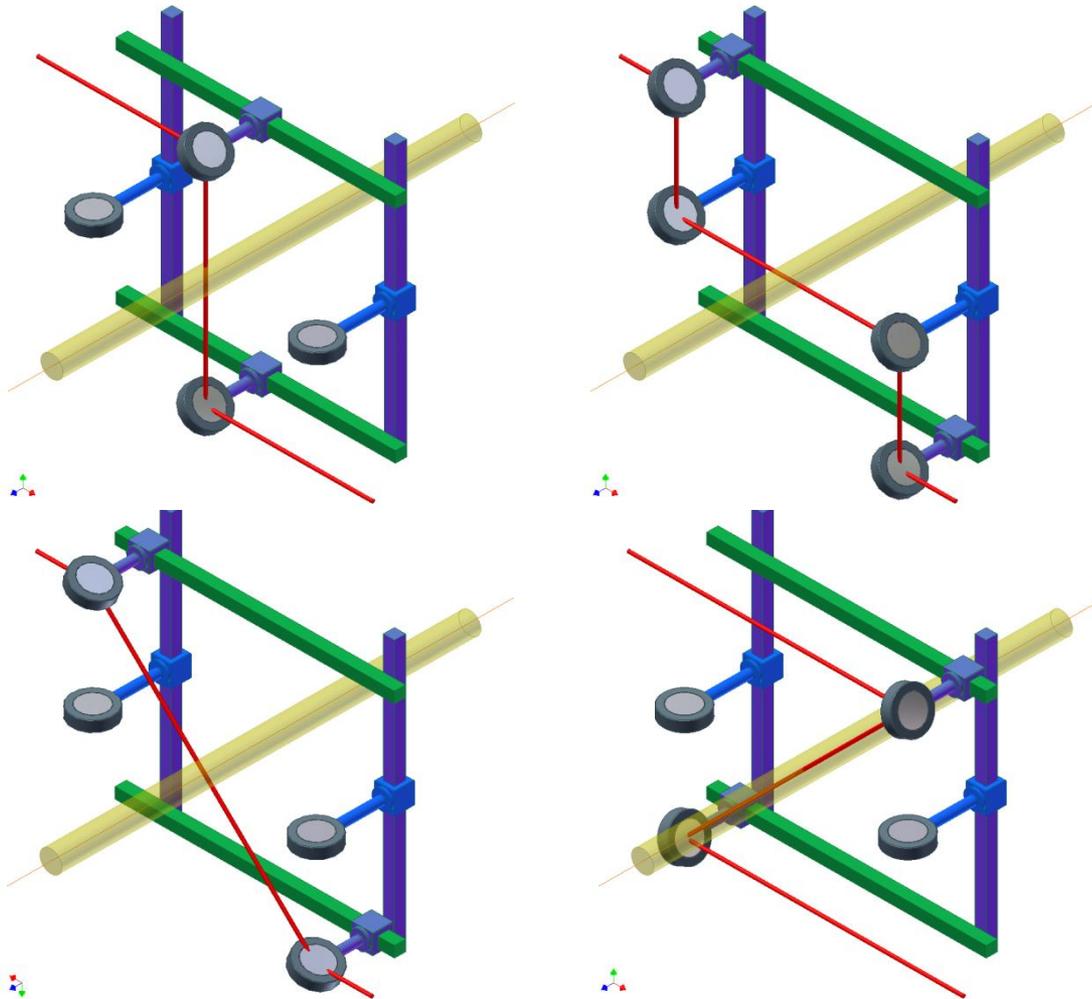
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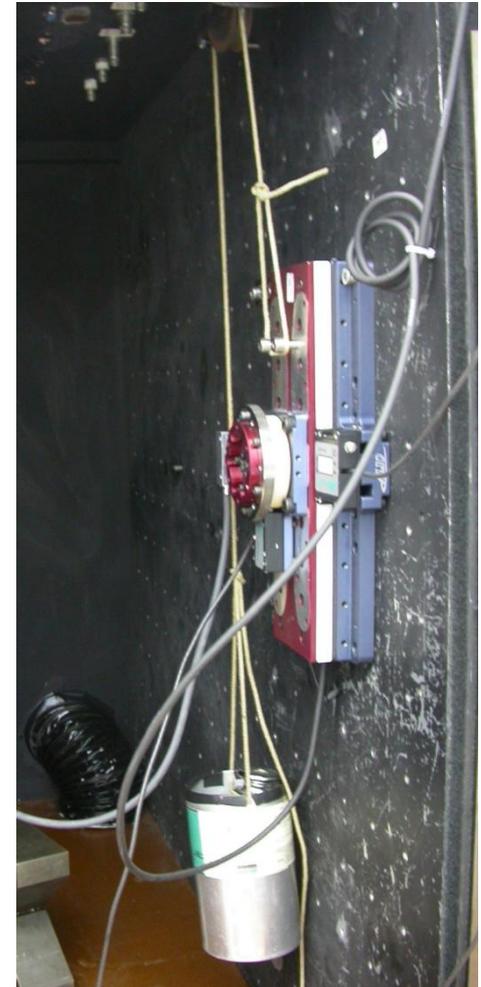
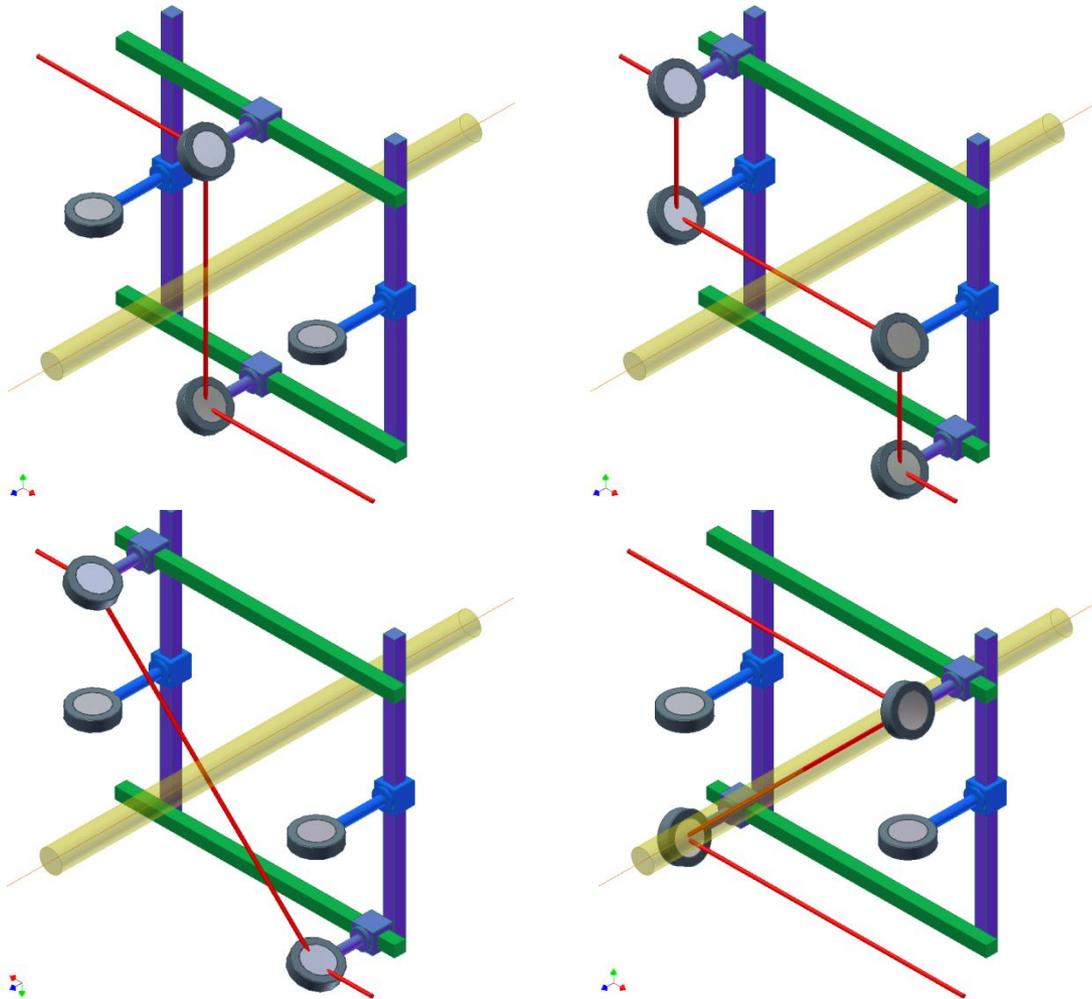
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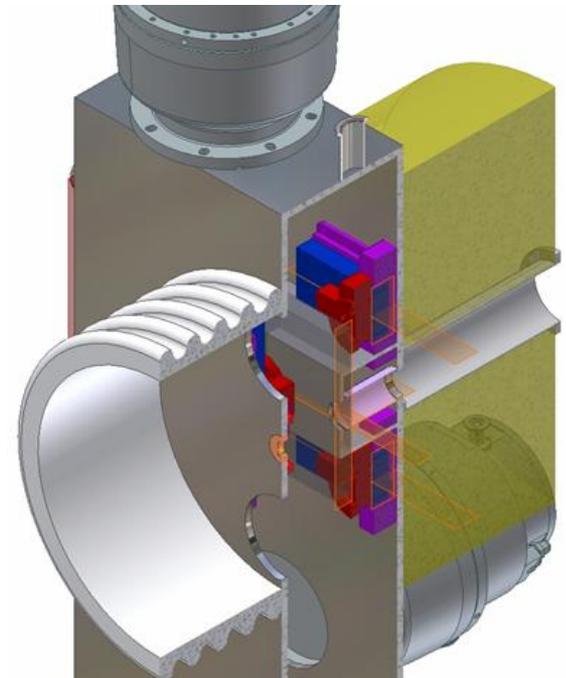
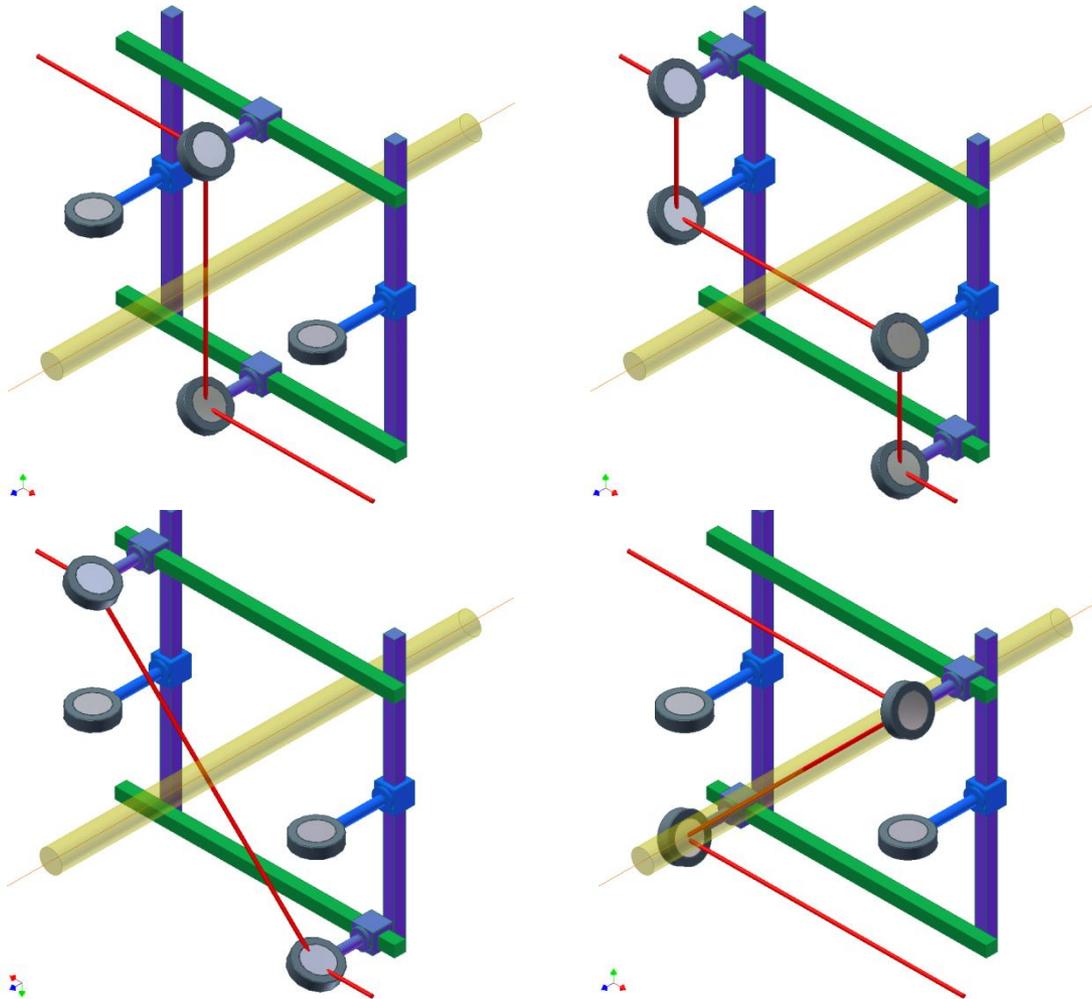
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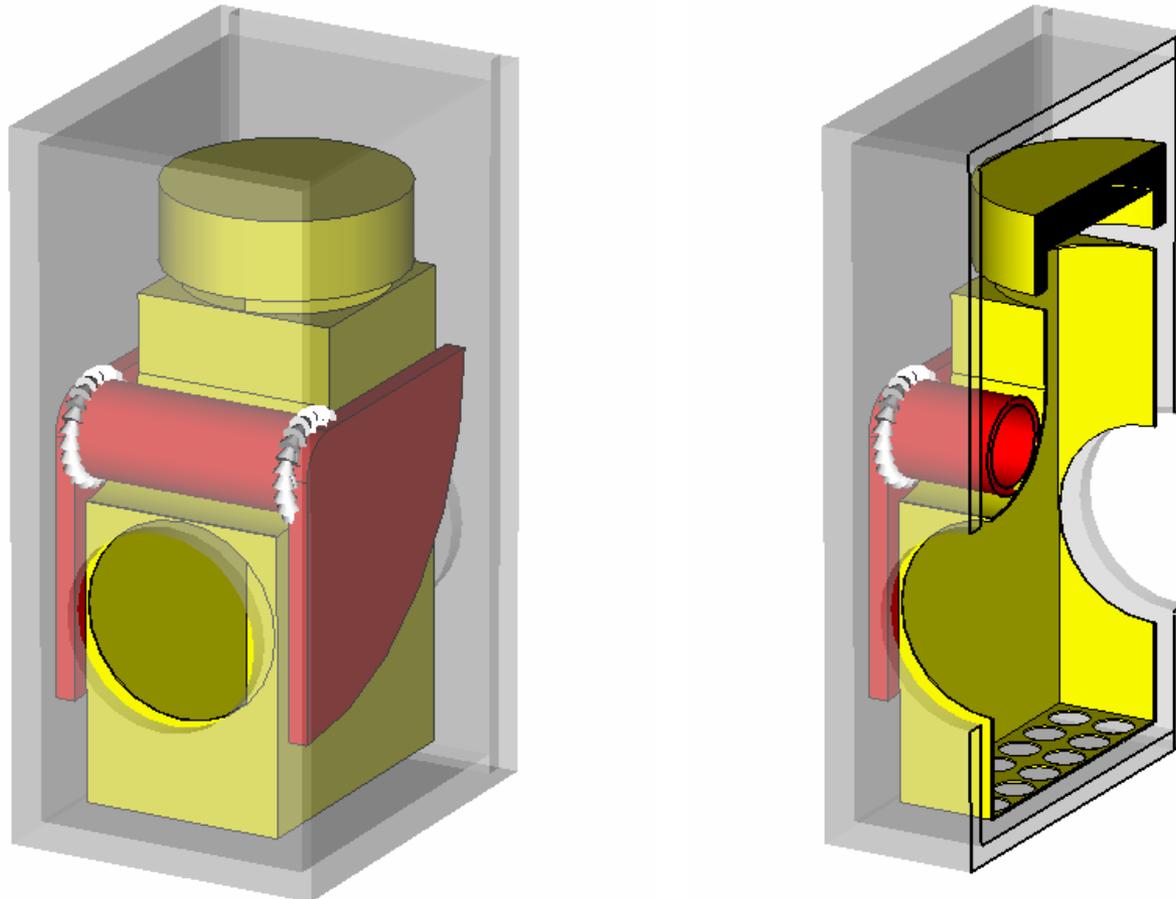
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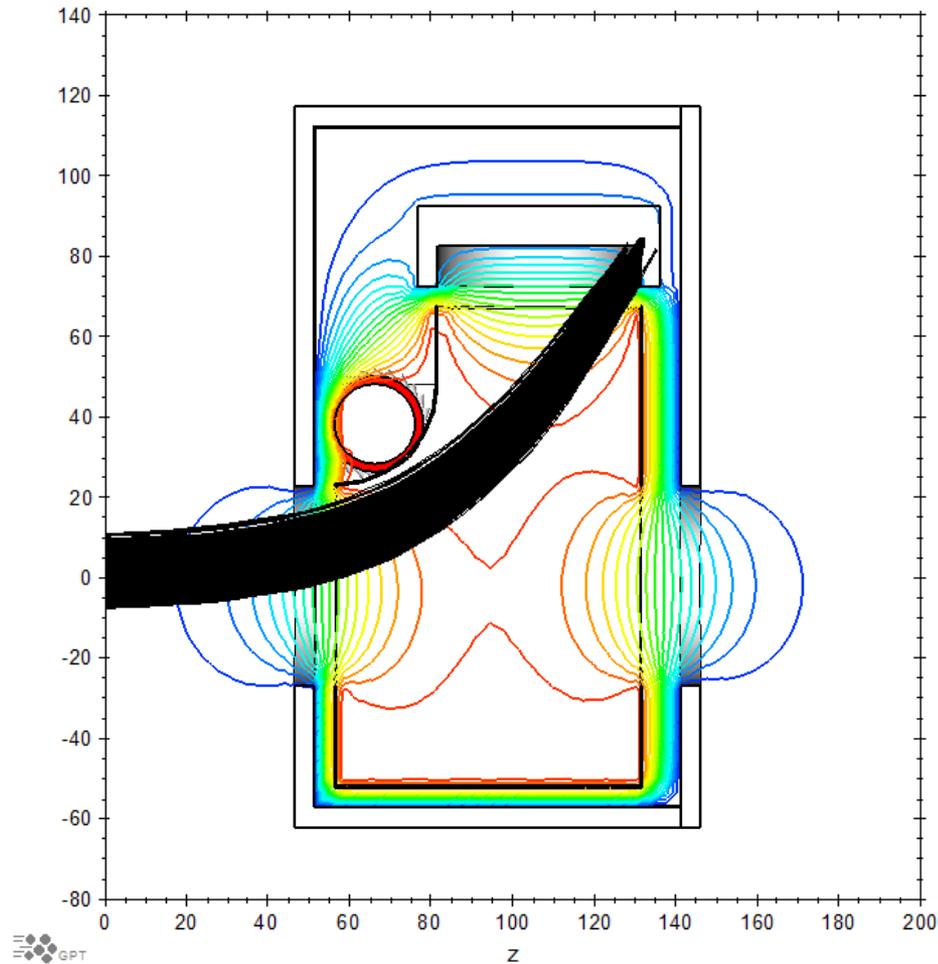
The Need for Multiple (>2) Projections



Simulated Detector Performance

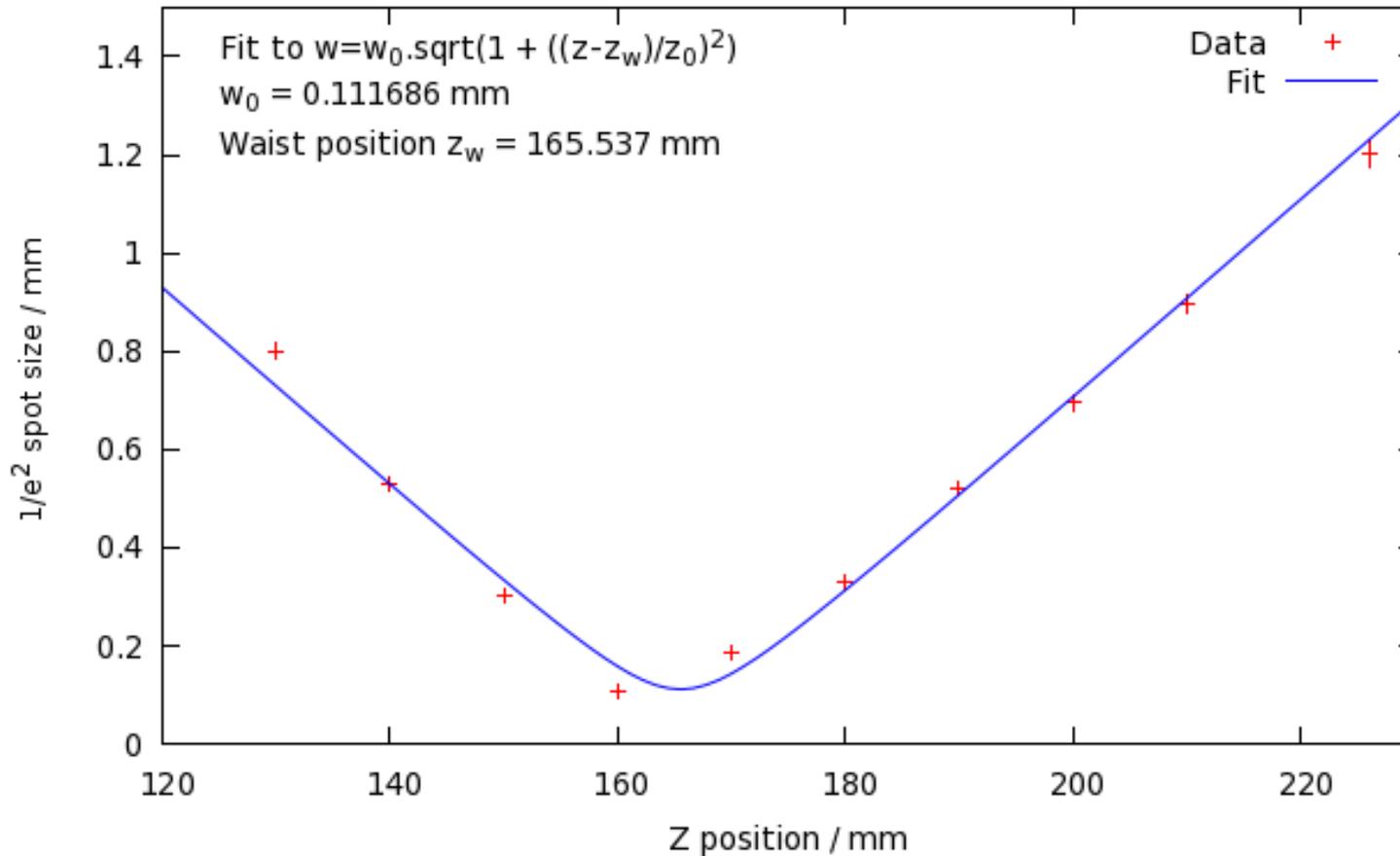


Simulated Detector Performance

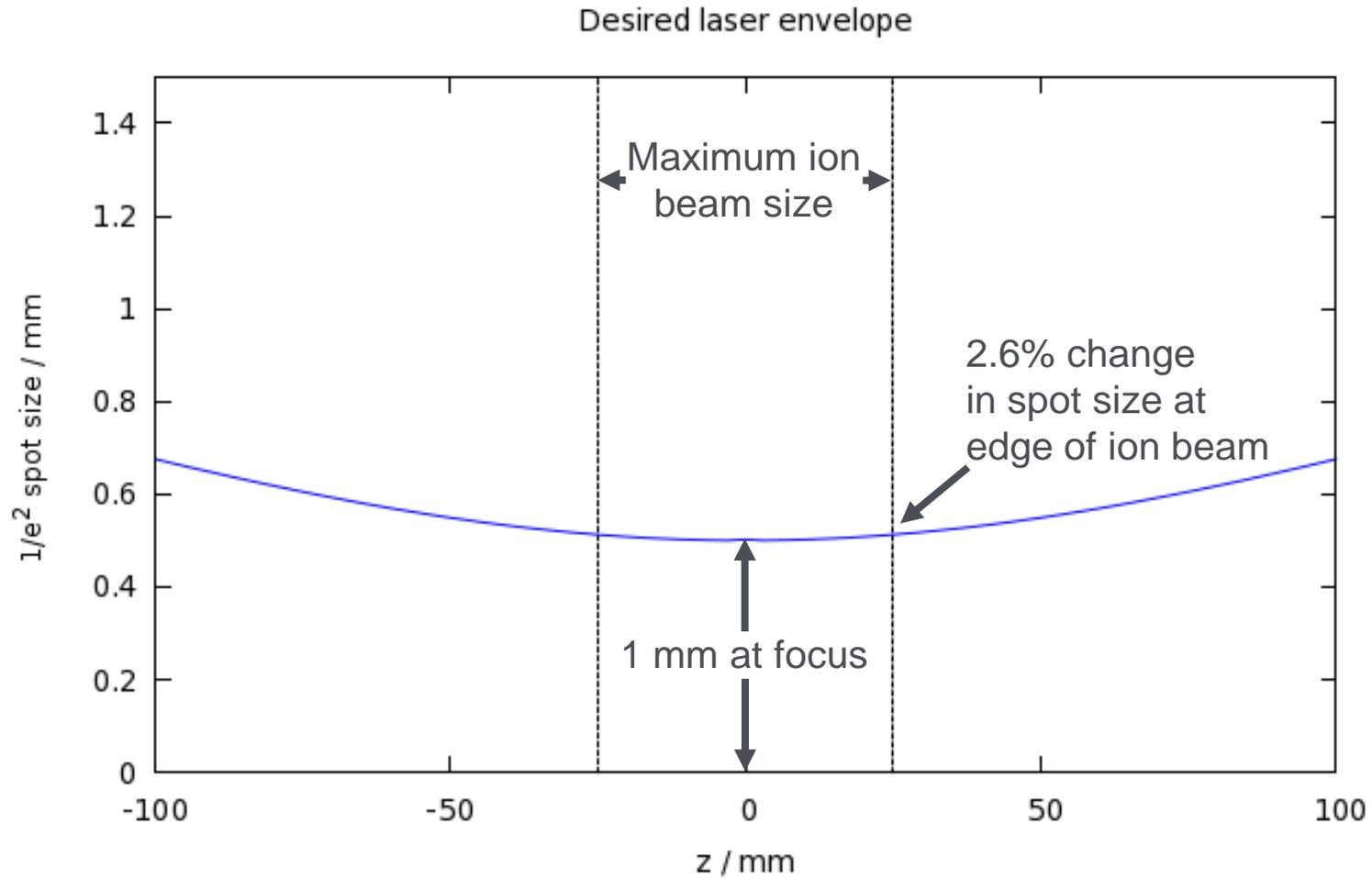


Laser Characterisation

Variation of laser size with z



Laser Characterisation



Conclusions and Outlook

Non-destructive diagnostics are essential for high-power ion beams
Laser-based diagnostics are a solution

Progress towards installation and operation of a laser-based beam density distribution diagnostic for the RAL Front End Test Stand is going well

Electromagnetic simulations show efficient electron collection
Laser characterisation shows that a good resolution can be reached

Installation and first measurements are on schedule for the summer

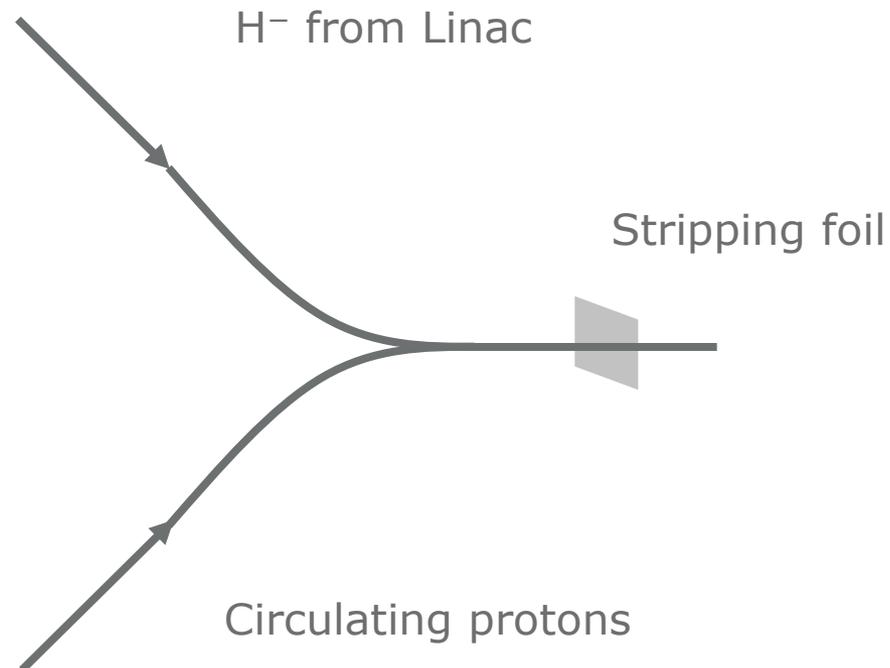
Spare slides

Abstract

The RAL Front End Test Stand is being constructed to demonstrate the production of a 60 mA, 3 MeV, 50 pps, chopped H- beam suitable for future high-power proton accelerators.

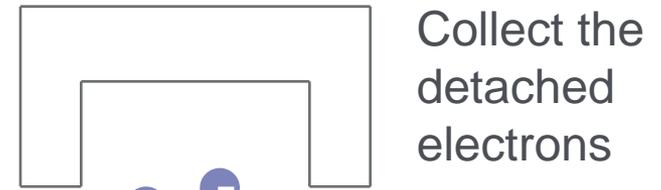
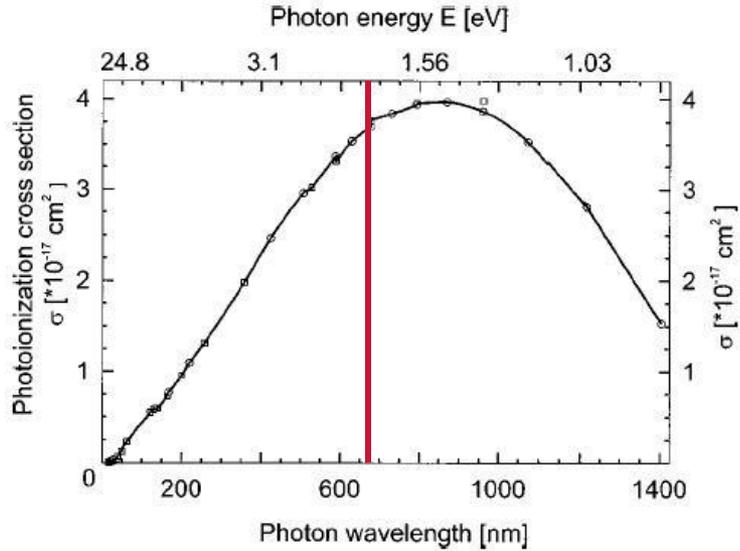
Due to the high beam brightness and a desire to have online instrumentation while the accelerator is operational, a series of non-intrusive, non-destructive diagnostics, based on the photo-detachment of the outer electrons of the H- ions, are being developed. This talk describes a device that will measure the 2D ion beam density distribution, due to be installed in the summer.

H⁻ Injection

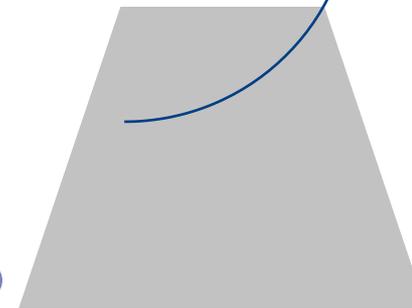


Laser-based beam diagnostics principle for H⁻

Rev. Sci. Instrum. 73, 998 (2002)



Collect the detached electrons



Separate species using a dipole magnet

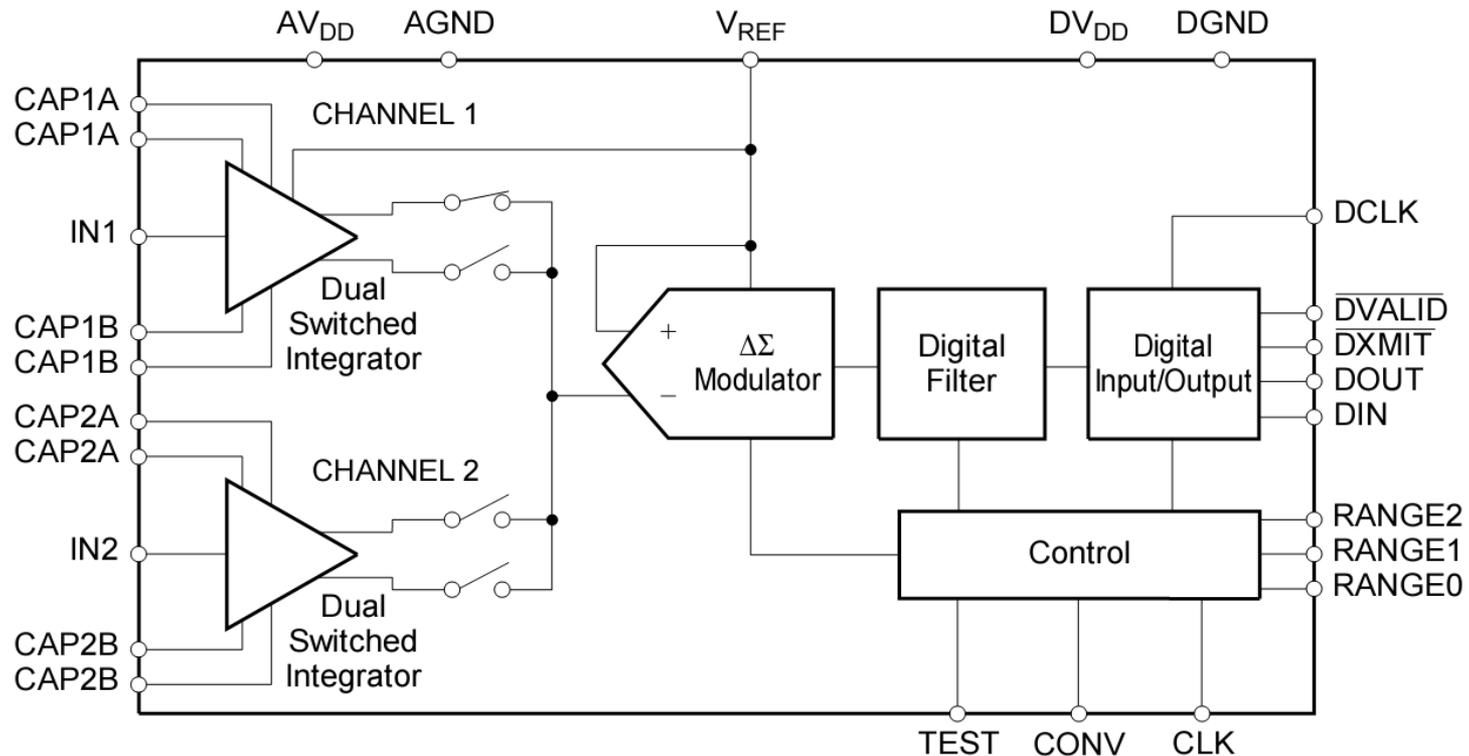
Photo-dissociate some of the H⁻ ions

ADC

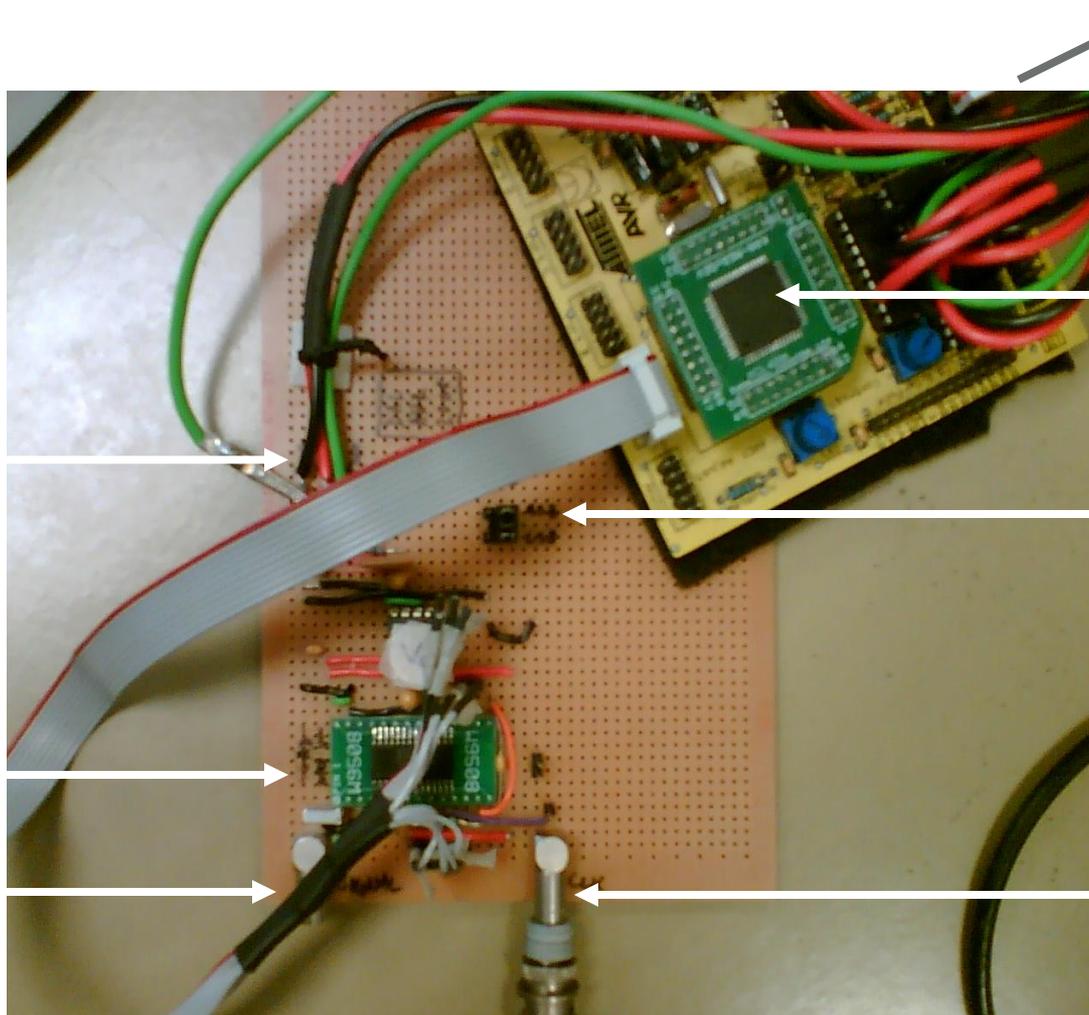
Two channel, integrate and hold, 20-bit ADC

Minimum sensitivity: $-0.2\text{--}50\text{ pC}$

Expected signal size $\sim 1\text{ pC}$ so in effect we have a $\sim 14\text{-bit}$ ADC



ADC Protoboard



Power in

DDC112

Input 1

RS232 to PC

Atmel
microprocessor

Range
select
jumpers

Clock In

ADC Test Charge Resolution

