GiBUU Status

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with

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- GiBUU: Theory and Event Generator
 based on a BM solution of Kadanoff-Baym equations
- Physics content and details of implemntation in: Buss et al, Phys. Rept. 512 (2012) 1- 124 Mine of information on theoretical treatment of potentials, collision terms, spectral functions and cross sections, useful for any generator development
- Code available from gibuu.hepforge.org



Transport Equation

Collision term

$$\mathcal{D}F(x,p) + \operatorname{tr}\left\{\operatorname{Re}\tilde{S}^{\operatorname{ret}}(x,p), -\mathrm{i}\tilde{\Sigma}^{<}(x,p)\right\}_{\operatorname{pb}} = C(x,p).$$
Drift term
$$\left(1 - \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_0}\right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial H}{\partial \mathbf{p}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{x}} - \frac{\partial H}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{p}} + \frac{\partial H}{\partial t} \frac{\partial}{\partial p^0} + \operatorname{KB term}\right] F(x,p)$$

$$= -\operatorname{loss term} + \operatorname{gain term}$$

F(x,p) = 8-d phase-space density, contains spectral function

Kadanoff-Baym equation

- LHS: drift term + backflow (KB) terms
- RHS: collision term = loss + gain terms (detailed balance)





- GiBUU describes (within the same unified theory and code)
 - heavy ion reactions, particle production and flow
 - pion and proton induced reactions
 - low and high energy photon and electron induced reactions
 - neutrino induced reactions
 using the same physics input! And the same code!
 NO TUNING!



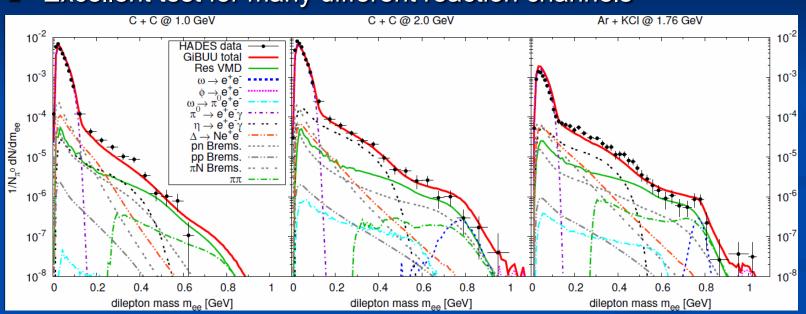
GiBUU, v 1.6, released Oct 1, 2013

GiBUU 1.6.0 (10/01/2013)

- String threshold for baryon-baryon collisions increased to 3.4 +- 0.1 GeV
- Extended resonance model from EPJ A48 (2012) 111 enabled by default
- Kaon potentials added (in RMF mode)
- Possibility to tune the Kaon production cross sections in baryon-baryon collisions
- improved ππ cross sections, f₂ (1270) resonance added
- Pythia updated to version 6.4.27
- 2p-2h contributions for neutrino-induced events added
- Flux distributions of all major long baseline neutrino experiments implemented
- Energy reconstruction and migration matrices for neutrino experiments implemented
- Oscillation analysis for neutrino experiments implemented

Dileptons

Excellent test for many different reaction channels

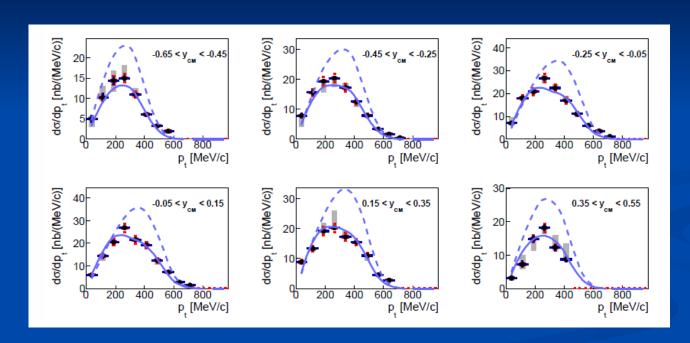


Curves: **GiBUU** J. Weil et al. Data: **HADES**

 $A + A \rightarrow \gamma^* + X \rightarrow e^+ e^- + X$ NUINT 2014



K_s^0 at 3.5 GeV p + Nb



HADES data solid curve: GiBUU

Neutrino GiBUU Publications since NUINT2012

- "Reaction Mechanisms at MINERν A"
 U. Mosel, O. Lalakulich and K. Gallmeister. arXiv:1402.0297 [nucl-th]
 - arXiv:1402.0297 [nucl-th] 10.1103/PhysRevD.89.093003 Phys. Rev. D 89, 093003 (2014)
- "Energy reconstruction in the Long-Baseline Neutrino Experiment"
 U. Mosel, O. Lalakulich and K. Gallmeister. arXiv:1311.7288 [nucl-th]
 10.1103/PhysRevLett.112.151802
 Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 151802 (2014)
- "Pion production in the T2K experiment"
 Lalakulich and U. Mosel. arXiv:1305.3861 [nucl-th]
 10.1103/PhysRevC.88.017601
- "Pion production in the MiniBooNE experiment"
 Lalakulich and U. Mosel.
 arXiv:1210.4717 [nucl-th]

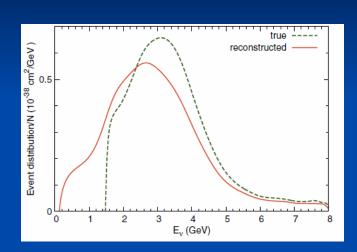
Phys. Rev. C 88, no. 1, 017601 (2013)

arXiv:1210.4717 [nucl-th] 10.1103/PhysRevC.87.014602 Phys. Rev. C 87, 014602 (2013)

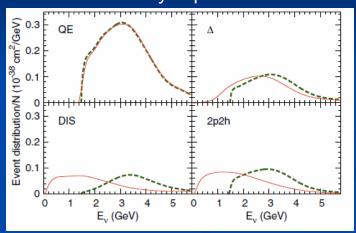
- 5. "Energy reconstruction in quasielastic scattering in the MiniBooNE and T2K experiments"
 - O. Lalakulich, U. Mosel and K. Gallmeister. arXiv:1208.3678 [nucl-th] 10.1103/PhysRevC.86.054606 Phys. Rev. C 86, 054606 (2012)
- 6. "Neutrino- and antineutrino-induced reactions with nuclei between 1 and 50 GeV"
 - O. Lalakulich, K. Gallmeister and U. Mosel. arXiv:1205.1061 [nucl-th]
 10.1103/PhysRevC.86.014607
 Phys. Rev. C 86, 014607 (2012)
- "Many-Body Interactions of Neutrinos with Nuclei Observables"
 Lalakulich, K. Gallmeister and U. Mosel. arXiv:1203.2935 [nucl-th]
 10.1103/PhysRevC.86.014614
 Phys. Rev. C 86, 014614 (2012)



MINERVA Analysis



only 0-pion events



Flux cuts are dangerous: distort true distribution!
Minerva cuts out (too?) large part

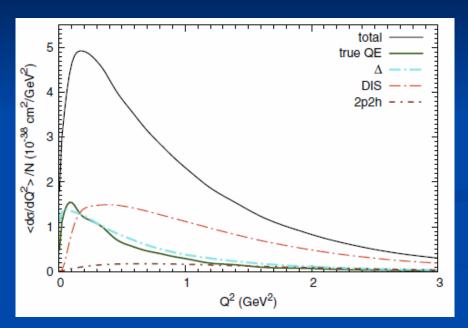
Energy reconstruction strongly affected by *all* channels, not just 2p2h!

Mosel et al., PR D89 (2014) 093003





Minerva Q² Reconstruction



Dominant: QE, DIS, Δ

Δ and true QE very similar, difficult to separate

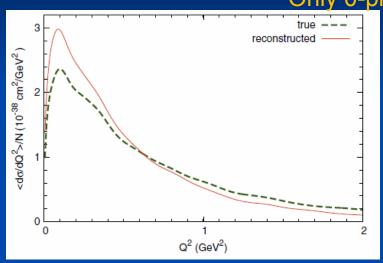
Mosel et al., PR D89 (2014) 093003

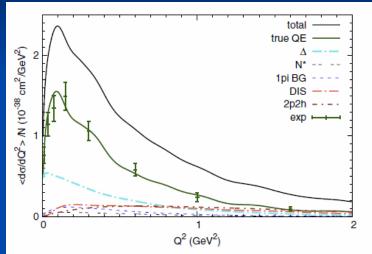
True Q² distribution, *all* events



MINERvA Q² Reconstruction

Only 0-pion events



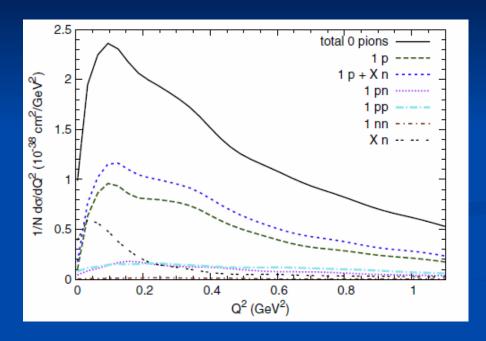


Dramatic sensitivity to reconstruction in peak area: accuracy of ,data'??

Mosel et al., PR D89 (2014) 093003



MINERvA Q² Reconstruction

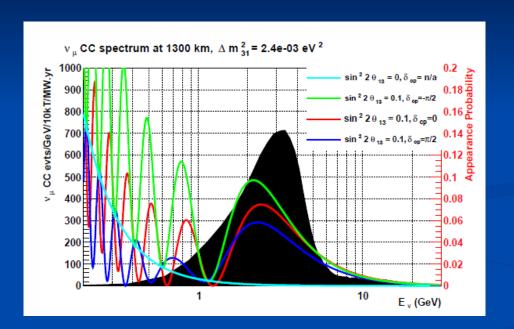


0-pion events only

Mosel et al., PR D89 (2014) 093003



LBNE, δ_{CP} Sensitivity



Need to know neutrino energy to better than about 100 MeV

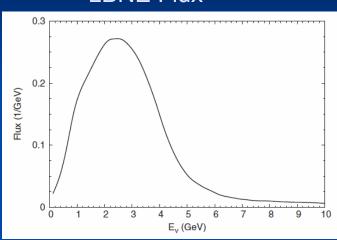
Need energy to distinguish between different δ_{CP}





LBNE

LBNE Flux



Mosel et al, Phys.Rev.Lett. 112 (2014) 151802

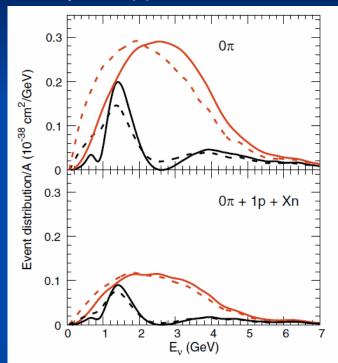
Solid: true

Dashed: reconstructed

Upper: Near detector

Lower: Far detector NUINT 2014

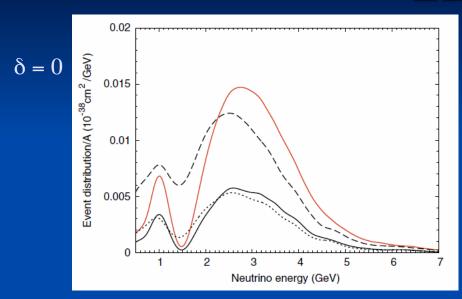
μ disappearance





LBNE

e appearance



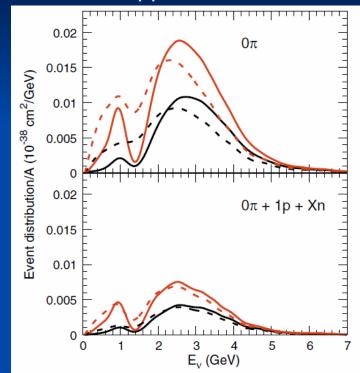
Mosel et al, Phys.Rev.Lett. 112 (2014) 151802

Solid: true

Dashed: reconstr

Upper: $\delta_{CP} = +\pi/2$

Lower: $\delta_{CP} = -\pi/2$







GiBUU Status

- Code
 - Code is open for download
 - Code is open for improvements
- Recent Results:
 - Reaction Mechanisms at MINERvA: artifacts of flux cuts
 - LBNE: QE-based method for energy reconstruction can reach necessary energy resolution for proper event selection:
 0 pi, 1p, Xn. Viable alternative to calorimetry
- 0 pi, 1p, Xn event sample would also improve MINERvA reconstruction

